

Resources and Opportunities for Utility Low-Income Programs

Presented at the 2013 ACEEE National Conference on Energy Efficiency as a Resource

September 24, 2013













Agenda

- Some History
- Three Case Studies
- Discussion
 - Future of LI programs
 - Barriers and Opportunities in the post-Recovery
 Act world
 - Lessons learned and new program designs

9/24/2013











Introduction

- Low-income weatherization program historical delivery
- Recovery Act
 - Additional Department of Energy funding: \$5,000,000,000
- Current DOE funding
 - \$68,000,000
- How have utility programs responded?





9/24/2013













Old Landscape

- Primary program architecture: DOE Weatherization Assistance Program
- Whole-house approach
 - Energy Savings (direct install, equipment, shell)
 - Health and Safety (ventilation, roof repair, electrical)
- Leveraging multiple funding sources per site (DOE, U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, state, utility)
- Many utility LI Wx programs delivered by agencies and tied directly to leveraged WAP dollars

9/24/2013







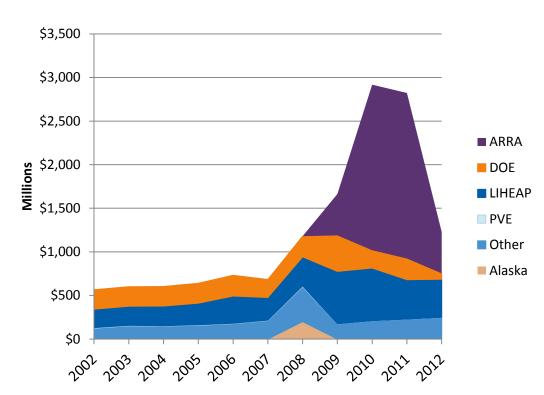






Weatherization Assistance Program Funding

- Funding Sources
 - DOE WAP
 - HHS LIHEAP
 - State
 - Utility
- Recovery Act
 - \$5,000,000,000
 2009 2012













Effect of Recovery Act

- Training and technical knowledge
- Standardization of delivery and reporting
- Increased agency capacity and workforce development
- Significant increase in output
 - Over 1,000,000 homes weatherized 4 times the output
- Difficult for agencies to leverage utility dollars and meet Recovery Act deadline













New Landscape

Recovery Act exhausted and DOE funding decreases

In 2013, DOE reduces funding from pre- Recovery Act average of \$200M/year to \$68M

Utility programs are less able to leverage the agency delivery system

Reduced agency capacity

Reduced LI Wx funding

Utility natural gas DSM hampered by low gas prices

Increasingly difficultly to pass utility base CE tests













Changes in Utility Funding

During Recovery Act

- Some utilities instituted new LI conservation programs outside the agency delivery system.
- Some agencies were not able to use utility dollars as quickly or extensively as in the past.

Post-Recovery Act

- Some utilities trying to help cover the gap in agency LI Wx funding with utility dollars.
- Some utilities increasing the diversity in LI program delivery.













Thank you!!

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ActOnEnergy®

Ameren Missouri Energy Efficiency

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September 24,2013





Agenda

- Pre-ARRA Plan
- Why Multifamily Income Qualified?
- Market Characterization
- Program Overview
- Post-ARRA Plan





Pre-ARRA Plan

- Fall 2009 planned launch of Ameren Missouri's first single-family, low-income weatherization EE program.
- Integrate into the existing Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP).
- Train and educate needed weatherization and home performance contractors.
- Deliver direct installation of measures as well as comprehensive whole-house energy improvements.

UNTIL... Missouri WAP Agencies received > \$130MM





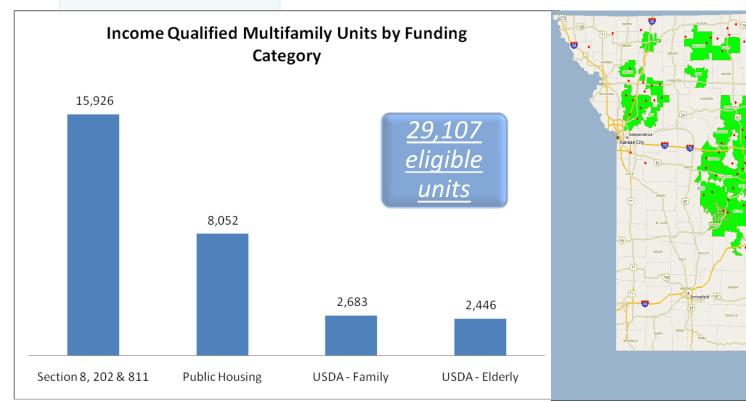
Why Multifamily?

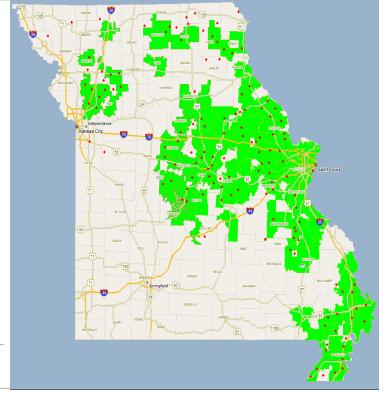
- Roundtable discussions with WAP agencies revealed that they would now be offering similar reduction measures (CFL's, Refrigerators, etc).
- WAP had major limitations on staff needed to manage stimulus funds.
- WAP had never funded Multifamily building shell projects (stimulus funds excluded Multifamily buildings).
- Opportunity to offer benefits and education to an underserved electric consumer base.





Market Considerations









Residential Low Income Program

- Multifamily Income Qualified (MFIQ) model.
- Implementation vendor Honeywell Smart Grid Solutions.
- 100% no cost remove old items and install new upgrades.
 - CFLs &LEDs
 - Showerhead & faucet aerators
 - Smart power strip
 - Insulation jacket on electric hot water tank
 - Programmable thermostat

- Pipe insulation on electric hot water pipe
- Window or in-wall room air conditioner
- Central A/C tune-up & charge adjustment
- Refrigerator Replacement (2001 & older)
- Building owners/managers participate.
- Helping residents save at least \$125.00 annually.







Program Metrics

- TRC 1.05
- 449 Sites; 18,275 dwelling units improved.
- 8,614 onsite individual and group education meetings provided.
- \$125 average annual consumer electric savings.
- Energy savings to date could power 1,446 average Missouri homes for a year.





Lessons Learned

- Improve CFL options provided through the program.
- Remove obstacles for program participation.
- Read the fine print; know the hardware.
- Customers want options.





Post-ARRA

- Include buildings with 51% of qualified tenants.
- Implement a Neighborhood Sweep Track.
 - Hire WAP agency personnel to perform work.
 - Provide weatherization referrals to WAP agencies.
 - Launch October 2013.





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CONSUMERS ENERGY

Helping Neighbors Program

Income-Qualified Energy Efficiency Assistance



Chad D. Miller Senior Program Manager 9/24/2013



Helping Neighbors Program

- Multi-tiered implementation strategy
- Deliver energy efficiency products, services and education
 - No cost energy efficiency upgrades to Michigan households
 - Multifamily and single family households
 - Eligibility: At or below 200% FPL
- CLEAResult has managed program since 2009
- 2013 Program targets:
 - 77,239 MCF | 1,848 MWh
 - \$7,128,221 Incentives Budget



Reaching our customers

HIGHLIGHTS:

Customers served:

• **2009:** 3,189

• **2010**: 14,135

• **2011**: 12,441

• **2012**: 21,791

• **2013:** 9,550 (projected) creating approx. 11,773 touches

- Prescriptive approach to focus delivery of more impactful measures.
- Improved customer experience through a multi-touch approach (energy efficiency journey).

BEST PRACTICES:

- High involvement community outreach strategy
- Developed a unique brand identity for the program





The ARRA Era



- Community Action Agency (CAA) network
 - Well-funded
 - Leveraged dollars
 - Substantial energy efficiency participation
 - Major weatherization projects
 - Benefits of an existing trained workforce
- Multifamily initiatives



Life after ARRA

- Limited funding
 - CAAs can no longer meet the demands of program goals
- Meeting the needs of a changing landscape
 - New program design
 - HELPING NEIGHBORS
 - Single-family initiative
 - Weatherization (HN & CAA model)
 - Multifamily initiative
 - Began expanding network of other non-profit organizations
 - Created opportunities to leverage funding categories outside ARRA

Supporting the promise

Helping Neighbors began as a grass roots, targeted initiative in June 2011, but over the past two years has grown tremendously into the equitable brand as we know it today.

- Nurtured relationships
- Built trust within the community
- Positive public relations







The Massachusetts Model for low-income energy programs

Jerrold Oppenheim

ACEEE

Nashville
September 24, 2013





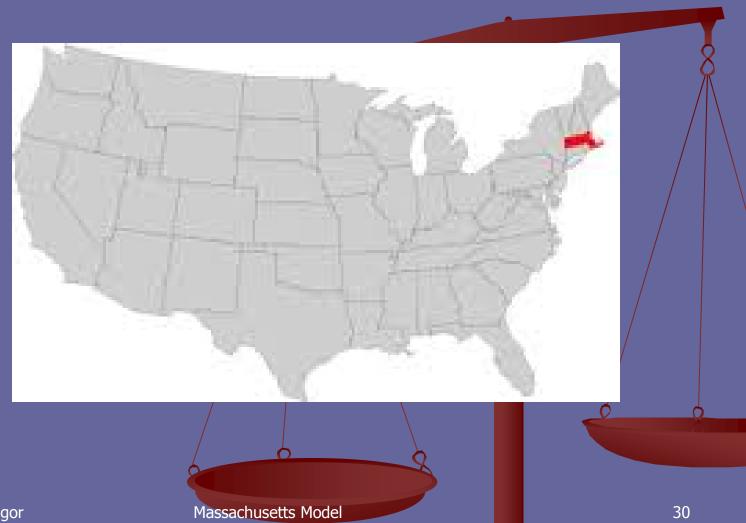


The Next Harvest



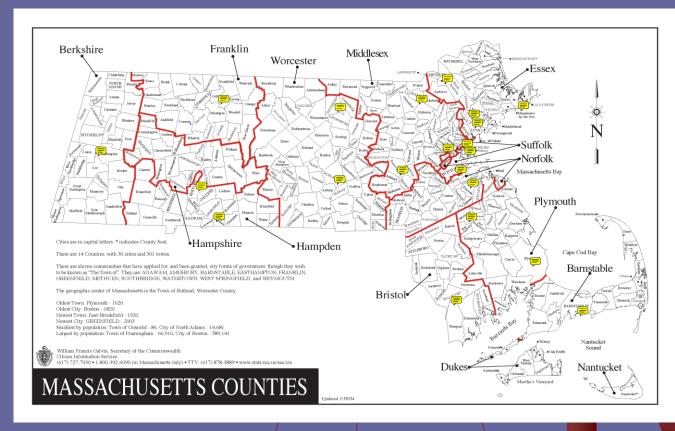






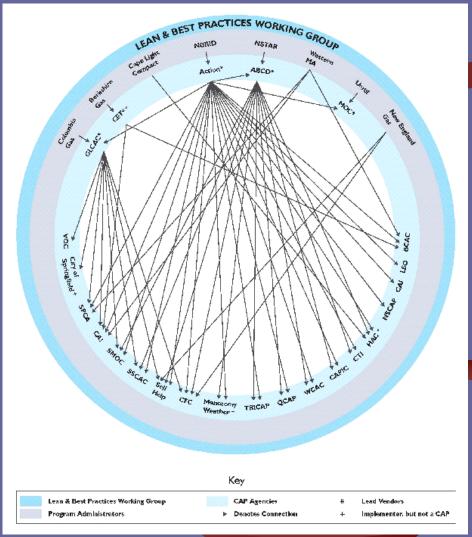


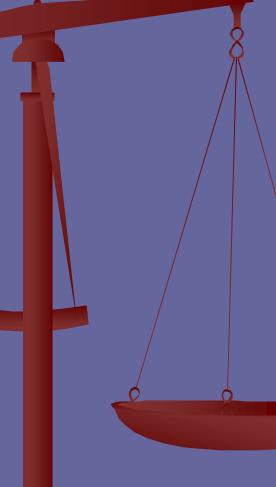
Community organization implementation





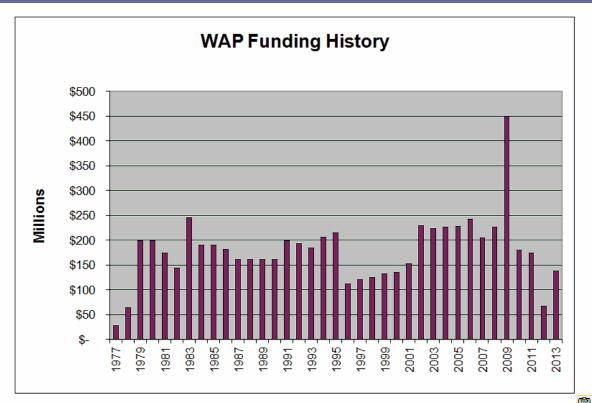
The network



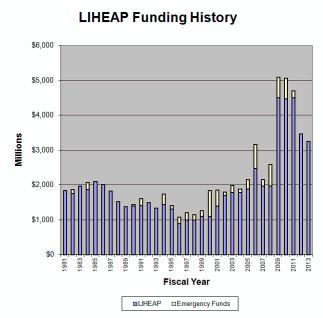




Federal budgets with ARRA spike

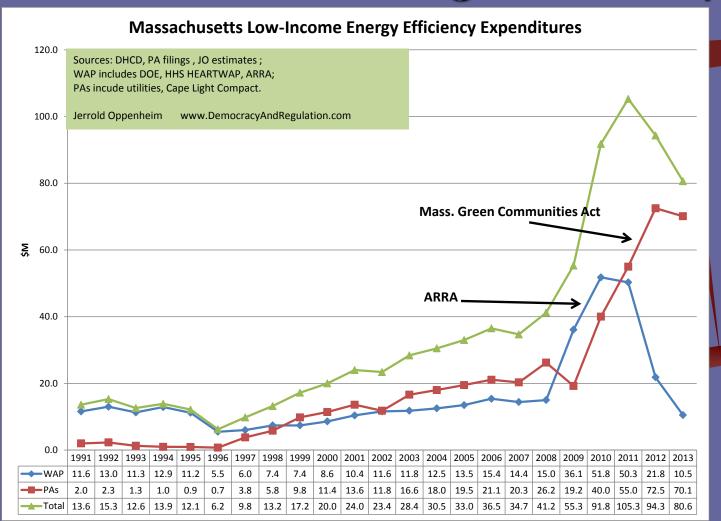








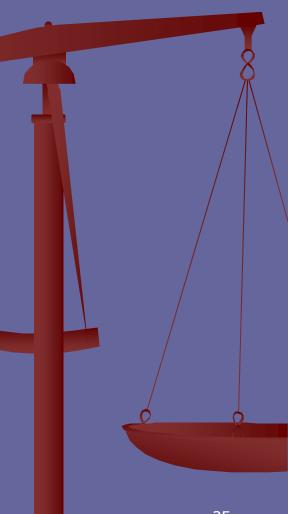
Massachusetts budgets with strong state support





Energy efficiency program

- Weatherization, air sealing
- Heating systems
- Appliances and lighting
- Comprehensive, whole house
- Equitable coverage of state
- Good jobs
- 100%+ Quality Control
- Innovation (R&D)





Effective

- Achievements
 - About 100,000 homes weatherized
 - About 16,000 heating systems replaced
 - 130 contractors, 94 auditors, good wages
 - Savings 20% (air sealing), 10% (electricity), 25% (heating system)
 - Saved 1400 low-income housing units
 - Innovation: cost-effective SDHW, MCHP, LEDs
 - Constant attention to new measures, improvements
- Reaches about 40%



Scrutiny is proportional to budget

- Constant communication with all interests utilities, other customer sectors, contractors, government at every level
 - Low Income Best Practices Task Force
 - LEAN
 - Committees, councils /...
- Be at every meeting Advocacy
- Strong analysis
 - Cost-effectiveness
 - Loss of TRC would be devastating



Cost Effectiv (TRC)

Benefit UTILITY Arrears Write offs Termination & reconnection Discount Customer calls Notices Emergency calls (gas only) Insurance UTILITY SUBTOTALS (ex discount)

PARTICIPANT
Bill savings
Comfort
Environmental responsibility
Quiet (Noise reduction)
Li//bauray/are
Vgl ting Oi il 1
Property value (one-time)
Buffers price incr (stability)
Forced Mobility, Homelessness
Durable homes, less maint.
Equip. & appl. Maintenance
Health
Safety: Fire
Safety: CO

Product performance [refrig.]

Termination & reconnection

One time (property value, refrigerator)

Window air conditioner

Bill-related calls

Transaction costs

SUBTOTALS (annual)

DARTICIDANIT



LOW INCOME NON-ENERGY BENEFITS \$ Values per participant per year (unless noted)

Current

PA

(some variation)

Then we look at the downside. Then we look at the upside-down side."

200

104 49.50 0.00 4.09 0.00 43.48 0.00 2.50 307.25 363.55 2102.62 1149.00 2881.34 14390.00

Recommendations

2.61

3.74

0.43

0.58

0.34

8.43

16.13

0.00 101.00

0.00

0.00 30.00

0.00

35.00

54.00

19.00

38.67

200.00

6.38

30.00

949.00 0.00

WAP Eval.

compute compute

LEAN

3.66

3.74

3.51

2.06

1.58

7.83

0.08

22.45

473.00

205.00

112.00

132.50 103.00

30.00

386.00

146.00

116.00

150.00

200.00

104.00

38.67

6.38

50.00

14190 \$30/\$ saved

NMR

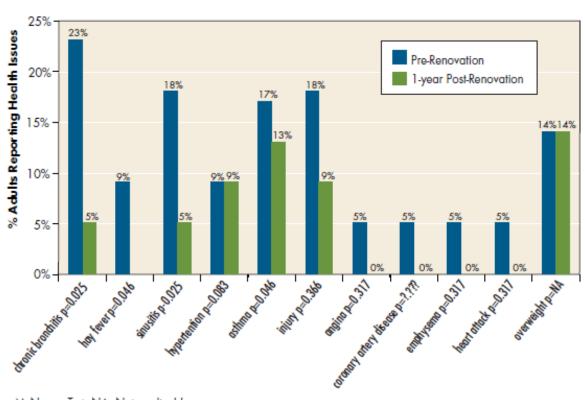
LOW-INCOME RENTAL OWNERS - \$ Values per housing unit per year (unless noted)

Ease of finding renters 0.96 0.90 Property value 17.03 see above Equip. maint. (HVAC) 3.91 7.81 66.73 97.56 Lighting maintenance



Health

Figure 3-3. Changes in Reports of Specific Adult Health Issues (N=22): Pre-Renovation (T0) versus One-Year Post-Renovation (T2)°



McNemar Test; NA=Not applicable



Thank You

DemMassachusetts Model

