

LED Market Status Update

Mark McClear mark_mcclear@cree.com

March 30, 2009



LEDs Have Come A Long Ways...

- Dramatic improvement over the last two decades in
 - Brightness
 - Energy efficiency
 - Cost reduction
 - Color point stability
 - Lighting applications know-how







Cree achieved major tipping point in October, 2006, enabling neverbefore-possible cool white outdoor lighting applications

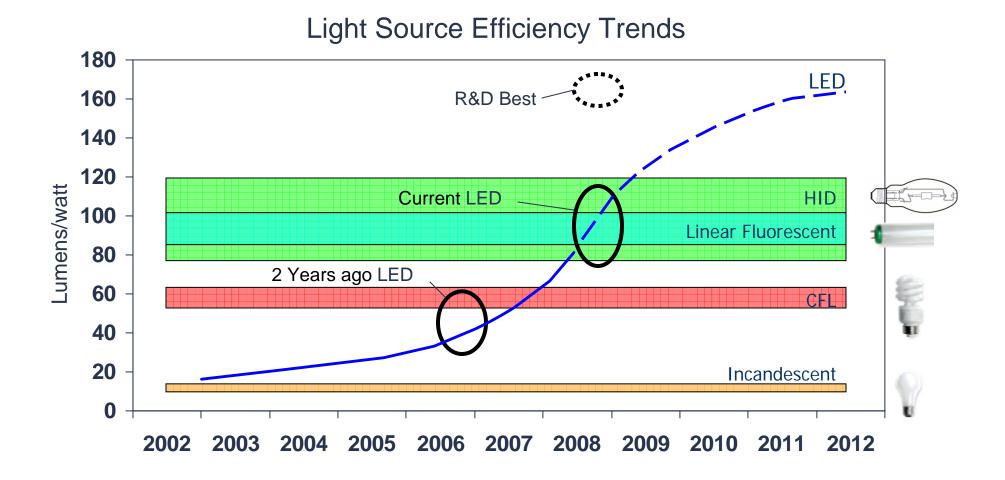




Major warm white LED technical milestone reached March 2007 enabling the same in indoor solid state lighting



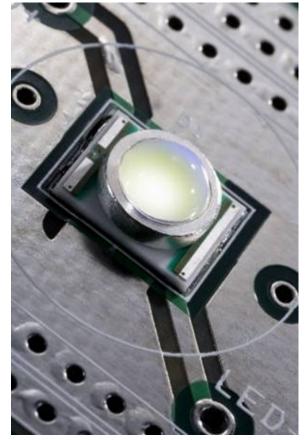
LED Performance vs. Traditional Light Sources





Basic Advantages of LED Light

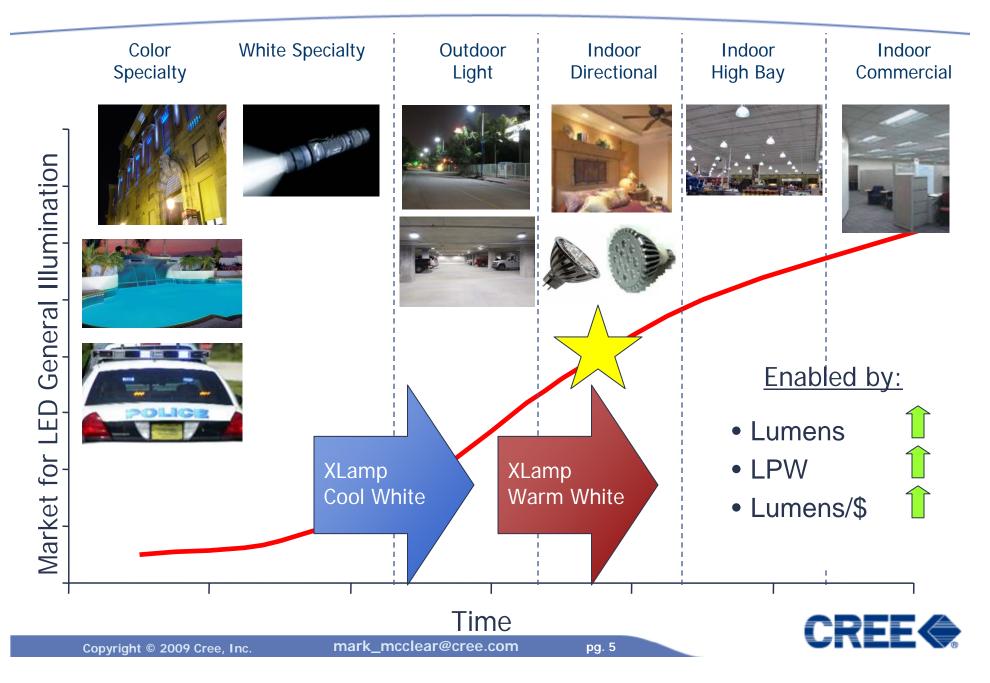
- LEDs are...very energy efficient → >100LPW (near-term roadmap to >150LPW...)
- Are directional → No wasted light, any pattern possible
- Have very long lifetime → >50,000 hours to 70% Lumen Maintenance (L70)
- Are inherently rugged → No filament to break
- Start instantly → nanoseconds vs. > 10 min re-strike (HID)
- Are environmentally sound → no Hg, Pb, heavy metals
- Are infinitely dimmable, controllable → New lighting features, power savings
- Love cold temperatures → No cold starting issues







LEDs Deliver Value Segment-by-Segment



Making the Business Case Work





Initial applications will be driven by maintenance avoidance & energy savings

- Street & Parking lot lighting
- Parking garages

- Atrium
- Tunnels
- Hazardous work areas



Copyright © 2009 Cree, Inc.

mark_mcclear@cree.com

pg. 7



- Total installation saves
- >\$1.5 million a year.







 Replacing 16,000 streetlights

Anchorage, AK

UC Davis











New Raleigh Convention Center



Courtesy of BetaLED



Arezzo, Italy

High Pressure Sodium





61% Energy Savings <3 year Payback

Courtesy of BetaLED



Copyright © 2009 Cree, Inc.

Thorntons Gas Station – Edgewood, KY



Courtesy of BetaLED



Copyright © 2009 Cree, Inc.

Notre Dame University















U.S. DOE Gateway Project



Rayley's Supermarket, Chino, CA



346W Metal Halide

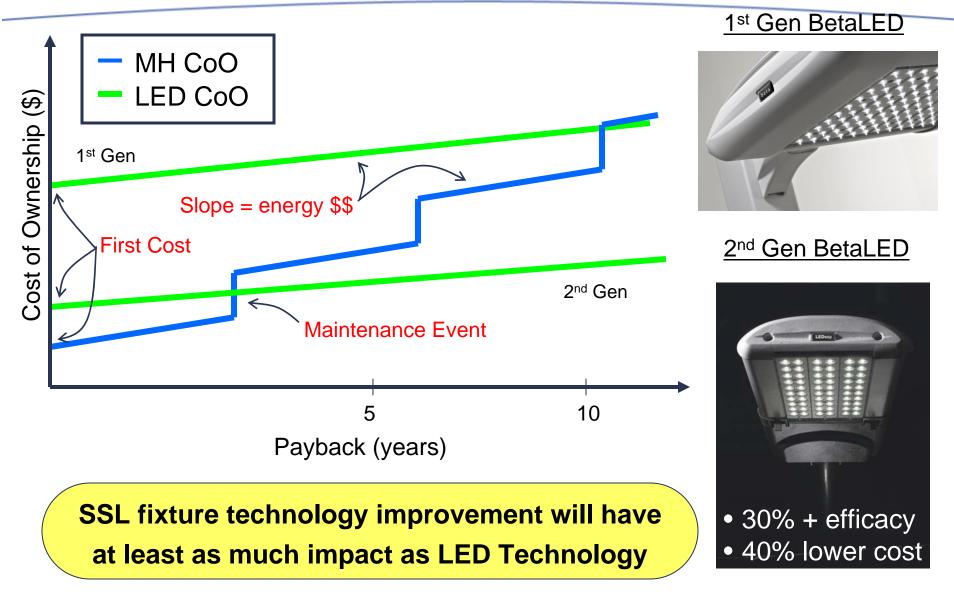
149/52W Bi-level LED System

- 70% Energy Savings
- 3.3/4.7 year simple payback (new construction/retrofit)

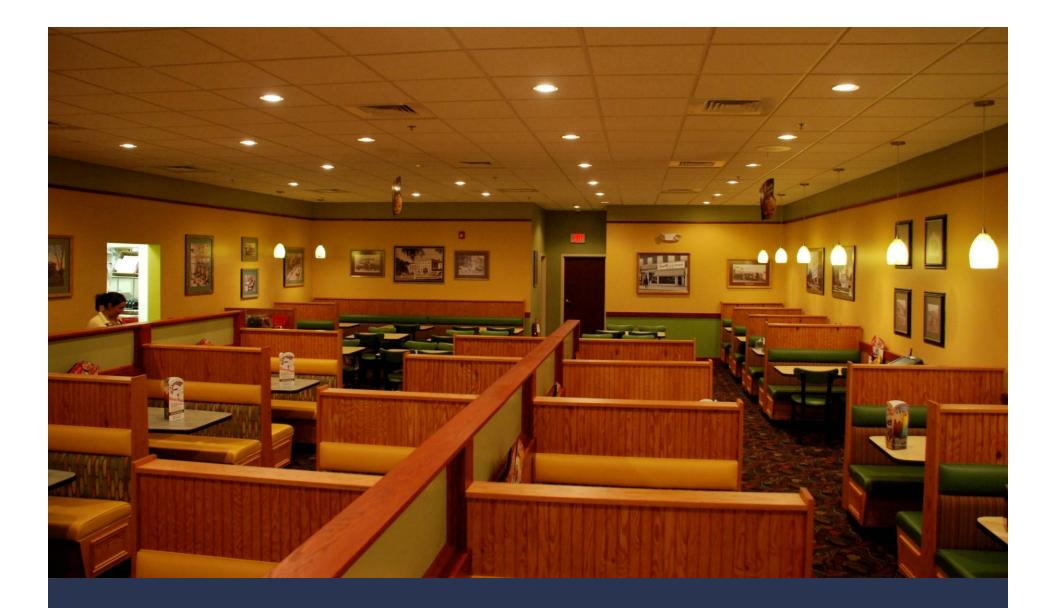
http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/ssl/gatewaydemos_results.html



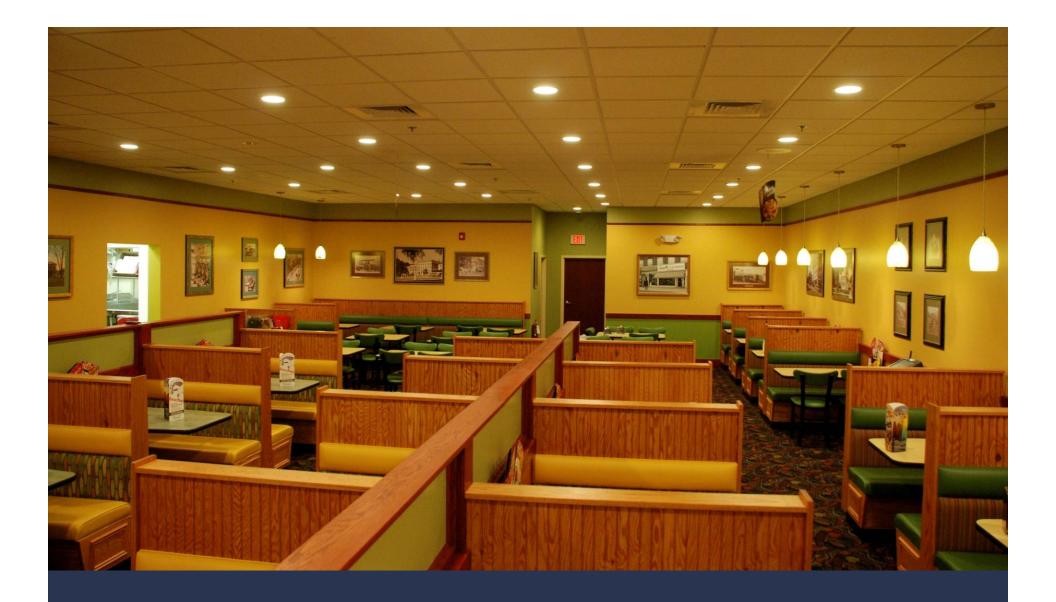
Generic Outdoor SSL Economics







BEFORE Incandescent 65W BR30 - Total Power = 5,135W





Indoor Residential Applications





Indoor: Restaurants







- 80% Energy Savings
- Excellent Color Rendering (CRI >92)



Cree LR6

Restaurants (MR16 Retrofit)



<u>LED:</u> •0.6kw •no UV, IR •CRI ~90



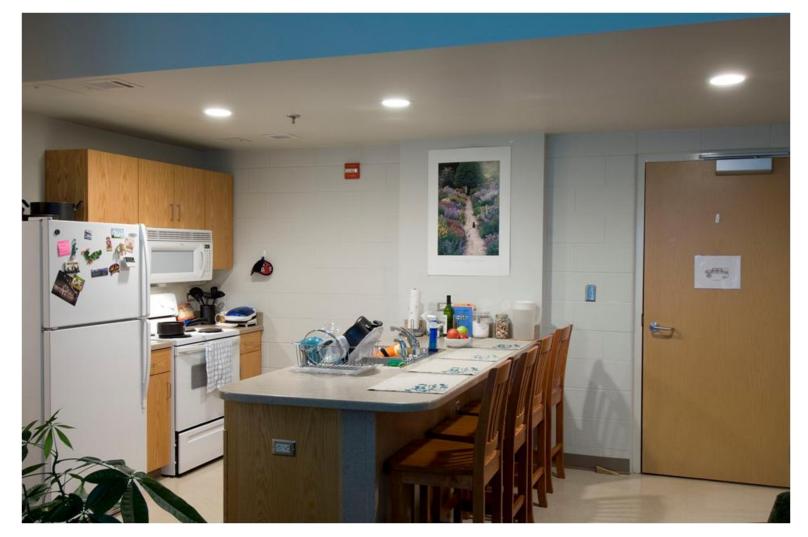
Halogen: •2.5kw •CRI ~99



Copyright © 2009 Cree, Inc.

NC State University Student Housing





Cree LR6

Copyright © 2009 Cree, Inc.

mark_mcclear@cree.com pg.

U.S. Pentagon



After -288W = 33% Savings



Copyright © 2009 Cree, Inc.

mark_mcclear@cree.com

Retail



Cree LED Lighting LRP38 – Total Wattage = 36W



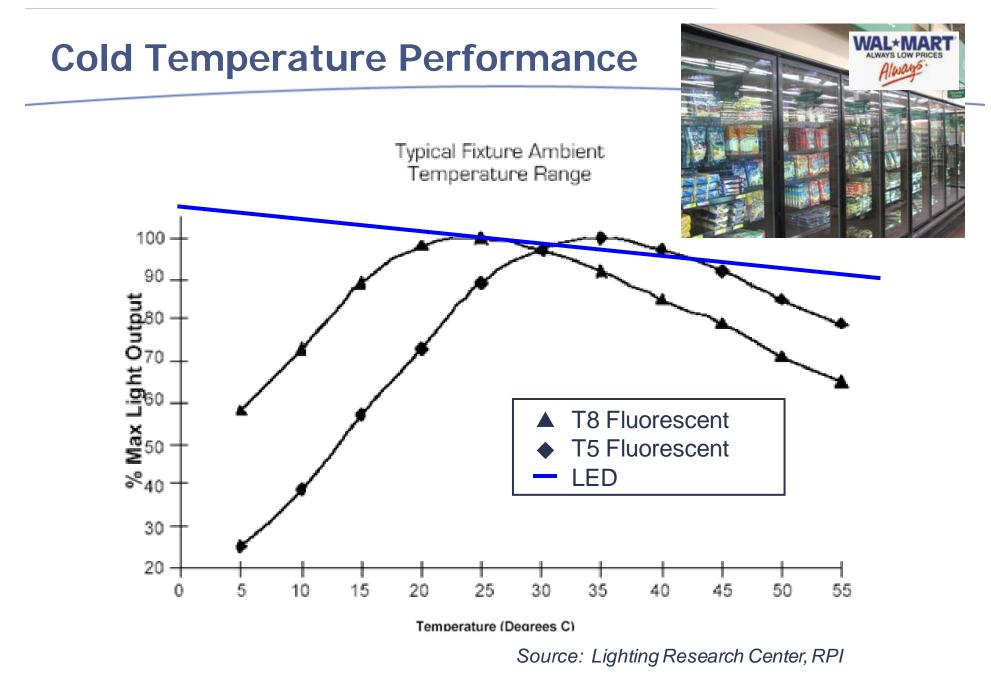
pg. 22

Ceramic Metal Halide – Total Wattage ~ 158 to 237W

Copyright © 2009 Cree, Inc.

mark_mcclear@cree.com

CREE





Next Big Potential Application



295W HPS





Below – 18.0fc Vertical – 5.0fc

AFTER

160W LED

• 30′

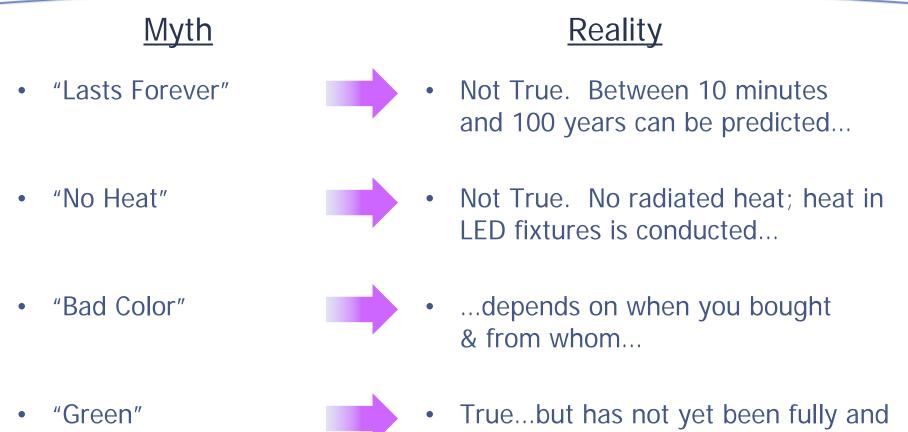
- -26°C
- 45%
 energy
 savings
- Higher light levels



Copyright © 2009 Cree, Inc.

mark_mcclear@cree.com

LED Myth vs. Reality



"No standards"

- quantitatively substantiated
- Not True...anymore...changing rapidly (like most things in LED...)



The Real Problem With LEDs – Education

You *may not* [YET] know how to tell on SSL...





- You know extravagant marketing claims on this are not realistic
- You know what you are getting when you buy one
- You expect top quality, know how to tell when you are getting it, and are willing to pay for it



LED Status Summary

- Major pieces of the puzzle are coming into place:
 - LED Fixture design – Standards
 - Performance

- learning curve
- LEDs save real energy and make good economic sense in many important applications now:
 - Parking decks, canopies
 Lower wattage street lights
 - Hazardous work areas
 Indoor down lights
 - Pedestrian, bollards, etc. Freezer cases/displays
- Still some work to be done on others (0-3 years):
 - Higher wattage roadway
 Indoor hibay
 - Indoor fluorescent - Replacement bulbs
- Caveat emptor: Many poor quality products as well as hyper-inflated marketing claims – education is key
 - DOE Energy Star and other quality programs will help

LED Fixture Quality Check List ("12 Questions")

Question	One Cood Answer
Question	One Good Answer
Who is your LED supplier?	Cree, Nichia, Osram, Philips. Stay with top suppliers to guarantee quality, reliability, and IP. Don't accept "that's proprietary" for an answer. You have a right to know how much technical and legal risk you are running with this purchase.
Did they provide an IESNA LM-80 test report for the LEDs?	Yes. If not, RUN! Any good LED manufacturer will supply this to the fixture maker; any that does not or can not is a huge red flag
What is the max operating temp and max T_j ?	The answer the fixture maker gives should make sense for the application. The LED junction temperature (T_j) should not be more than 80-90°C over the entire expected operating range of the fixture.
What's the expected L ₇₀ fixture lifetime?	Everybody says 50k hrs, but 1k to 100k are possible as well. Make him convince you he knows the number, and WHY. Don't forget to ask about the driver lifetime as well.
Can you supply an IESNA LM-79 test report? .ies files?	Yes. If not, RUN! This is fundamental and essential for any LED fixture. There are more than a dozen accredited labs in the US and the cost is only a few hundred dollars. Don't accept no for an answer on this one.
What are the delivered lumens and LPW of the fixture?	Unlike traditional lamps, LEDs are a directional light source so raw lamp lumens are much less important with LED. Make sure the light DELIVERED in the application meets your requirements (FC/lux).
Is the chromaticity in the ANSI C78.377A color space and is it stable over time?	Yes. If not, RUN! The ANSI standard for LED is a rough approximation for the ANSI CFL standard. Lamps outside of this could look tinted blue, green, or red.
How much does the color vary from fixture to fixture?	7-step MacAdams ellipse should be acceptable for most applications, 4-step if you are picky, but many/most LED fixtures can not currently not meet this (ref: ANSI CFL is 7-step). What is important is that he speaks this language, understands question, and has a well-grounded answer.
What is the Power Factor of your fixture?	Energy Star is 0.7 and 0.9 for residential and commercial applications respectively. There is no reason a well designed driver can not deliver 0.9 – or much better – today.
Have you applied for DOE Energy Star? Why/why not?	The DOE Energy Star criteria is another way to screen out bad quality product. He should have a good answer for not applying for this.
Is your fixture RoHS compliant? Mercury free?	Yes. If not, RUN! This is a key question on sustainability and there is no reason that these regulations can not be met with commonly available electronic manufacturing.
What is your warranty?	DOE Energy Star requires 3yrs. Some manufacturers have longer. Point again is to make sure he understands the reliability of his system and is willing – and able – to stand behind it.





LED lighting: Energy efficient & planet friendly.

Cree. Leading the LED lighting revolution.

Join Cree's LED lighting revolution. We invite you to see how our high-performance, high-efficiency LEDs are lighting up the world.

