

# Affordable ENERGY STAR® Residential CO<sub>2</sub> HPWH for the US Market

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# Outline

- Project goals
- Considerations specific to transcritical heat pumps
  - Temperature glide in hot refrigerant
  - Importance of tank stratification
- Design method – wrap around gas cooler
- Results

# Acknowledgments

- DOE Building Technologies Office, Emerging Technologies – Antonio Bouza
- GE Appliances (CRADA partner) – Craig Tsai

# Goals

US has Presidential commitment (Climate Action Plan) to phase out HFCs:

- **Demonstrate a more affordable path to ENERGY STAR<sup>®</sup>-qualified residential CO<sub>2</sub> HPWH**
  - Low GWP, no direct environmental impact
  - Configured for price point appropriate to US market
  - Evaluate system for FHR, EF
- Also cooler climate potential: evaluate EF<sub>NC</sub> (NEEA Northern Climate specification)

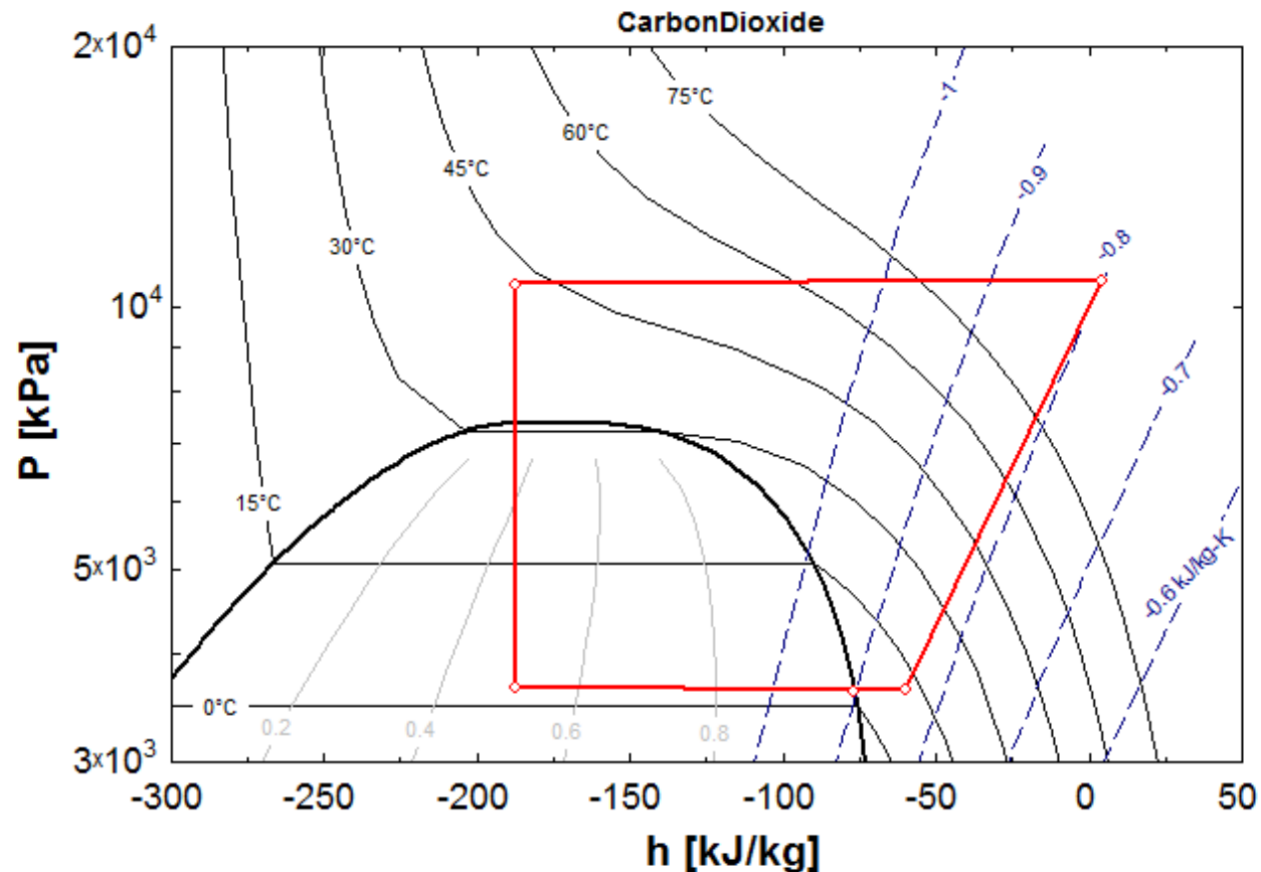
# ENERGY STAR Criteria

For electric water heaters:

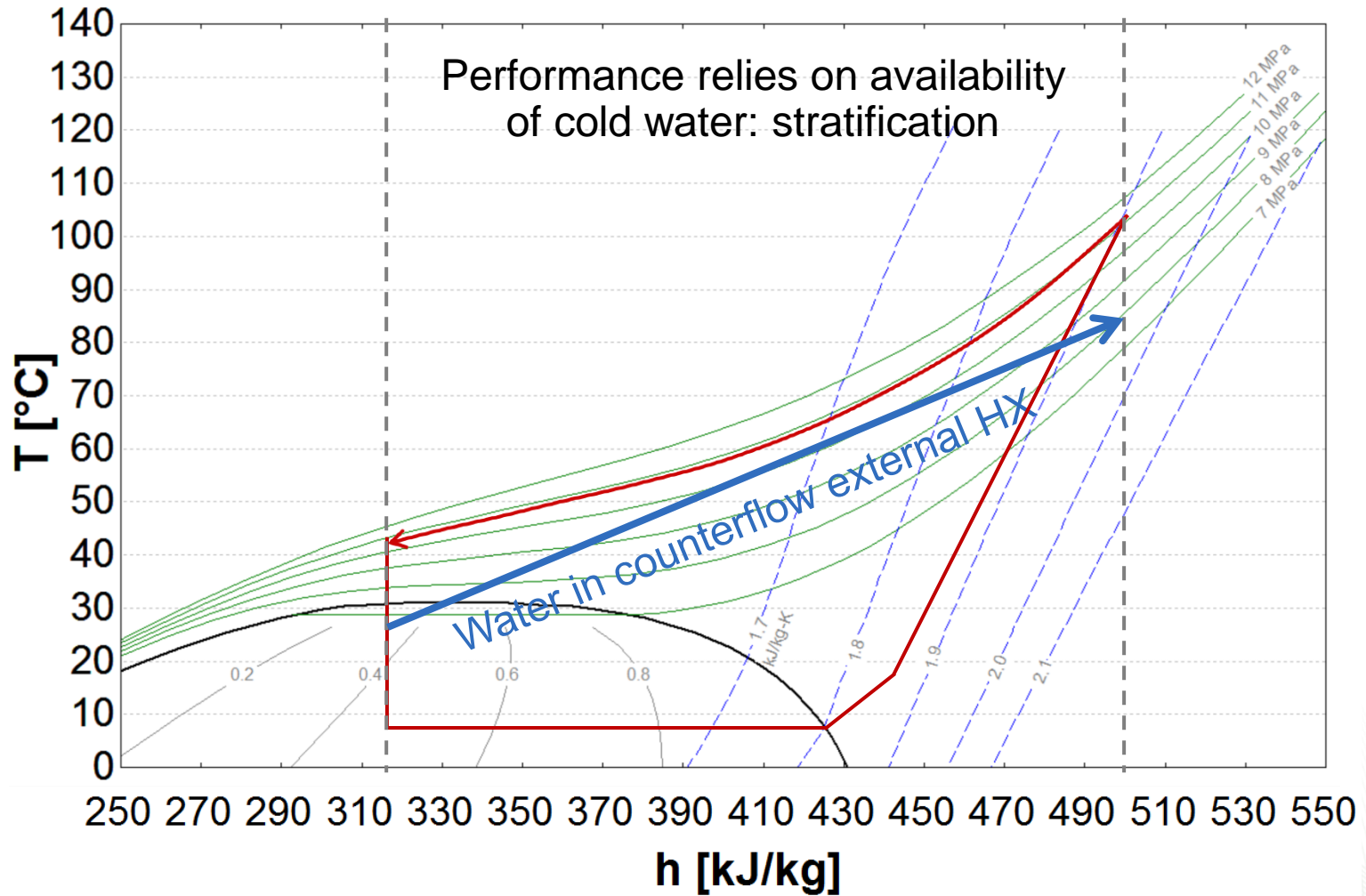
- $EF \geq 2.0$
- $FHR \geq 50$  gallons
- Must report low ambient temperature at which compressor shuts off

# Transcritical Heat Pump – P-h

- Supercritical gas does not condense, so “condenser” is called a “gas cooler”
- Temperature glide of supercritical gas



# Transcritical Heat Pump – T-h



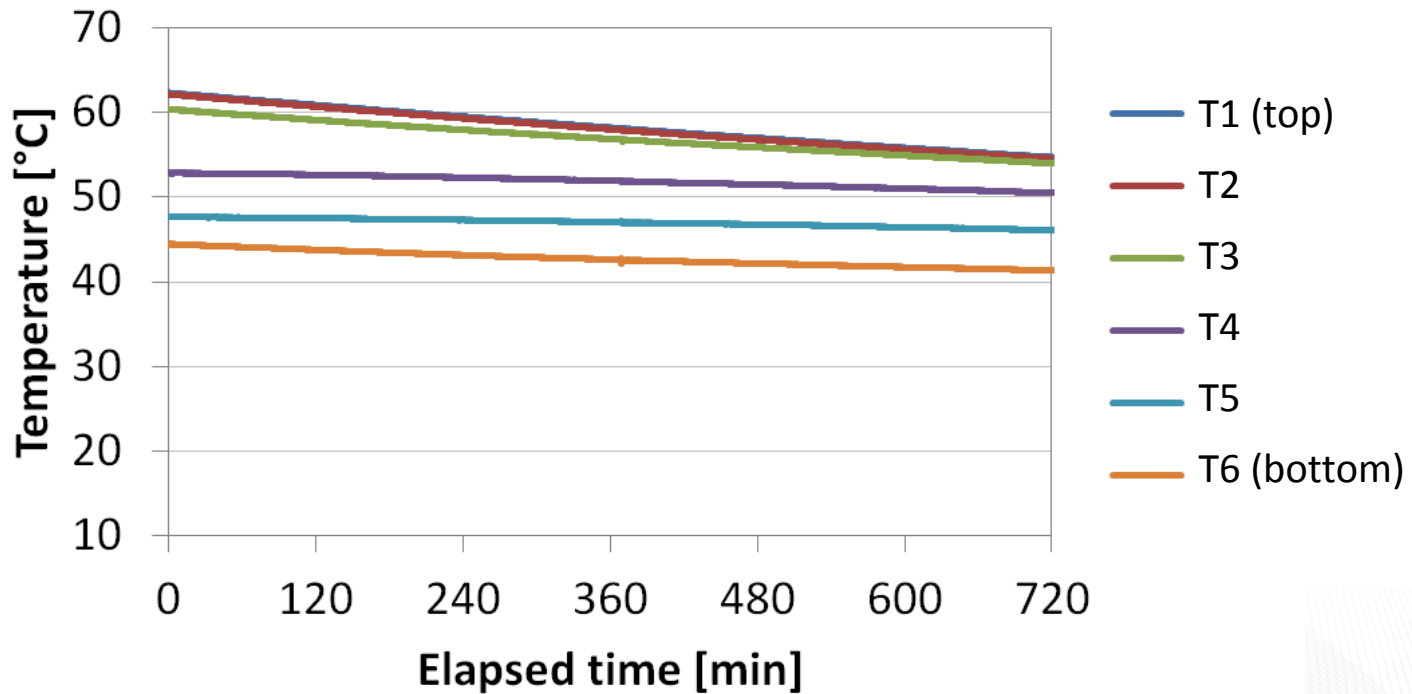
# Water Heater Tank – Stratification Principles

- Warmer water on top of colder (“positive” gradient) is stable (for fluids with positive coefficient of thermal expansion, like liquid water above 4°C)
- An “inversion” (negative gradient) is unstable and will “overturn”
- A strong positive gradient resists external forces
- A weak positive gradient is susceptible to external forces



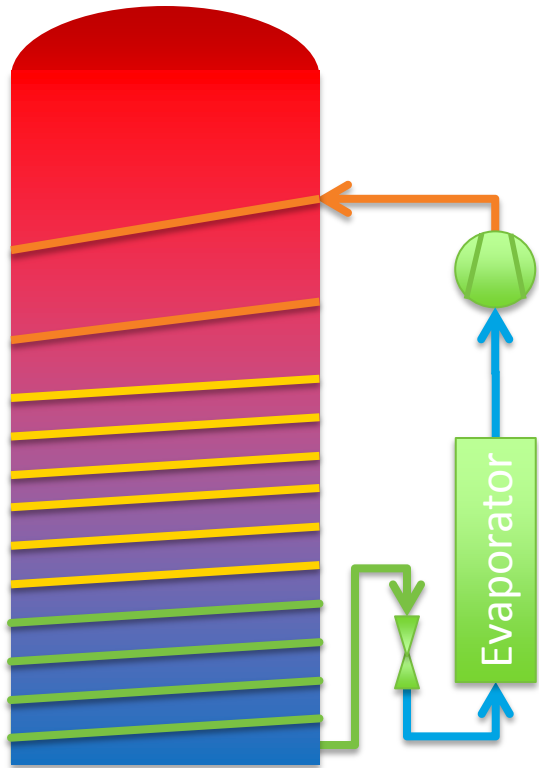
# Water Heater Tank – Stratification

- Stratification empirical results (50 gallon tank)
  - 12 hours standby losses (no draws)

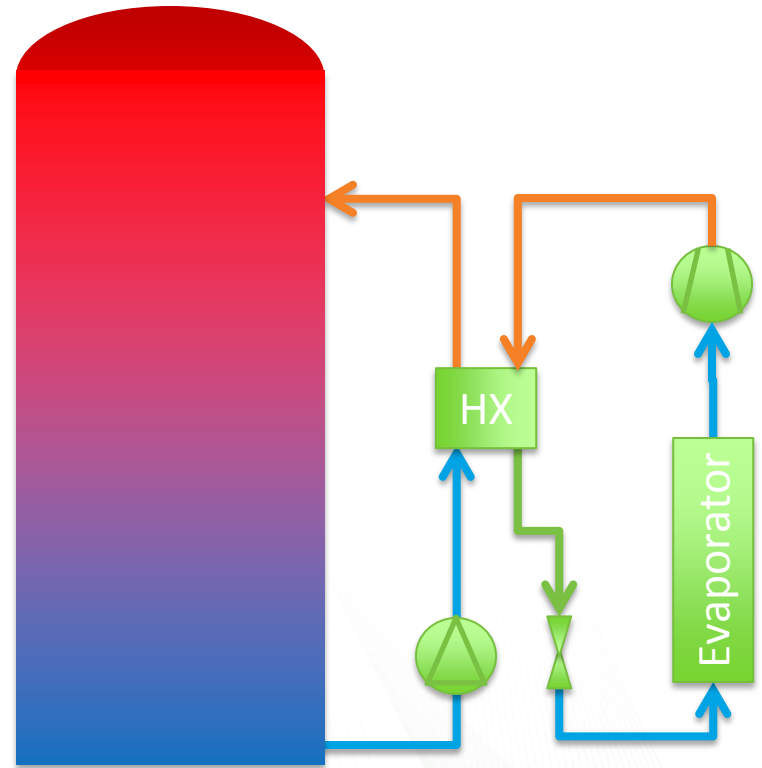


# Gas Cooler Options

Wrap-around:













External:



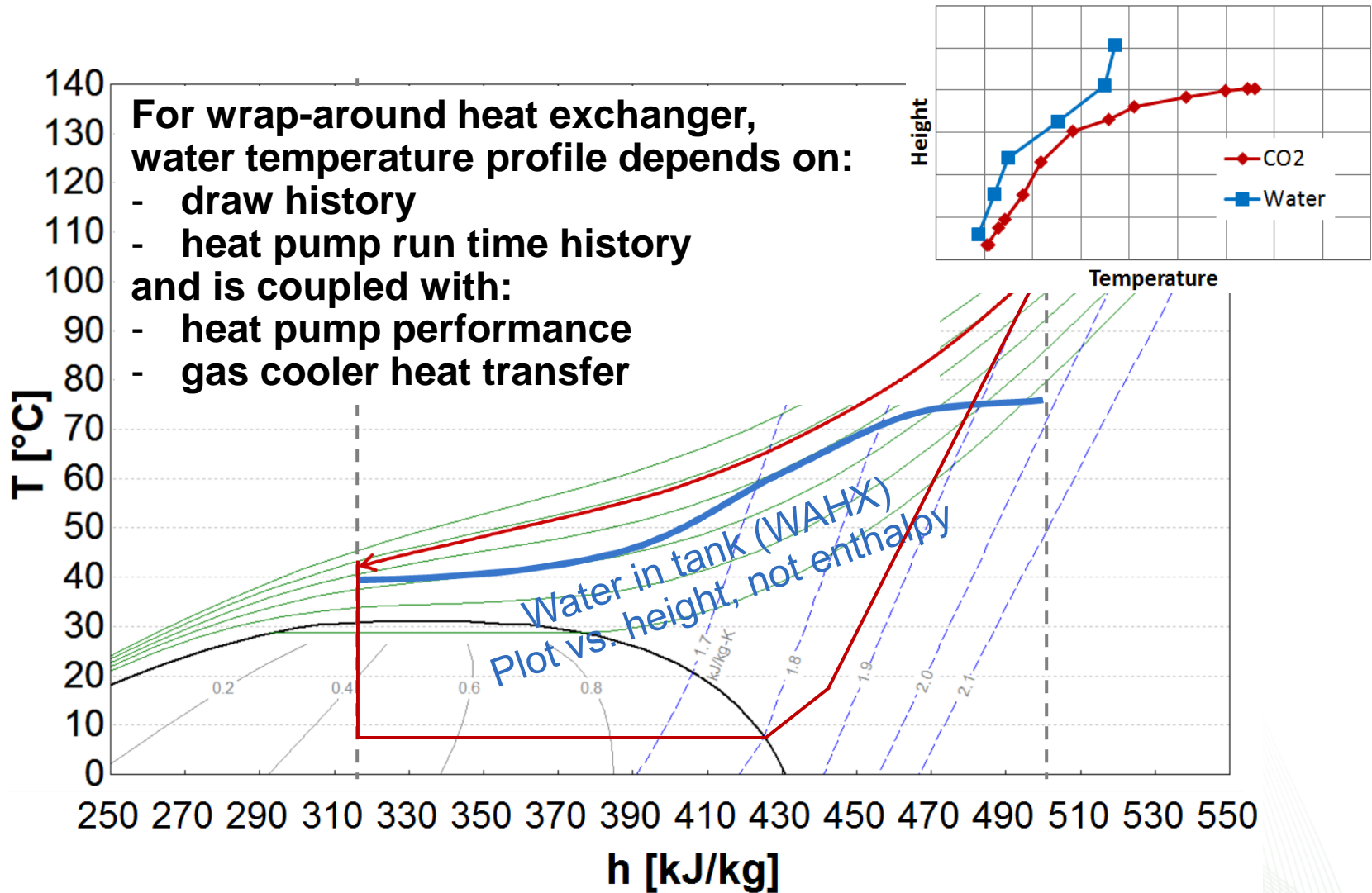
# Gas Cooler Type

Wrap-around vs. external (e.g. plate or tube-in-tube)

Characteristic	External heat exchanger	Wrap-around heat exchanger
Cost	 High	 Low
Water fouling	 Significant challenge	 None
Water pump	 Required	 Not required
Additional tank water inlet/outlet ports	 Required	 Not required
Performance	 Good	 Needs research



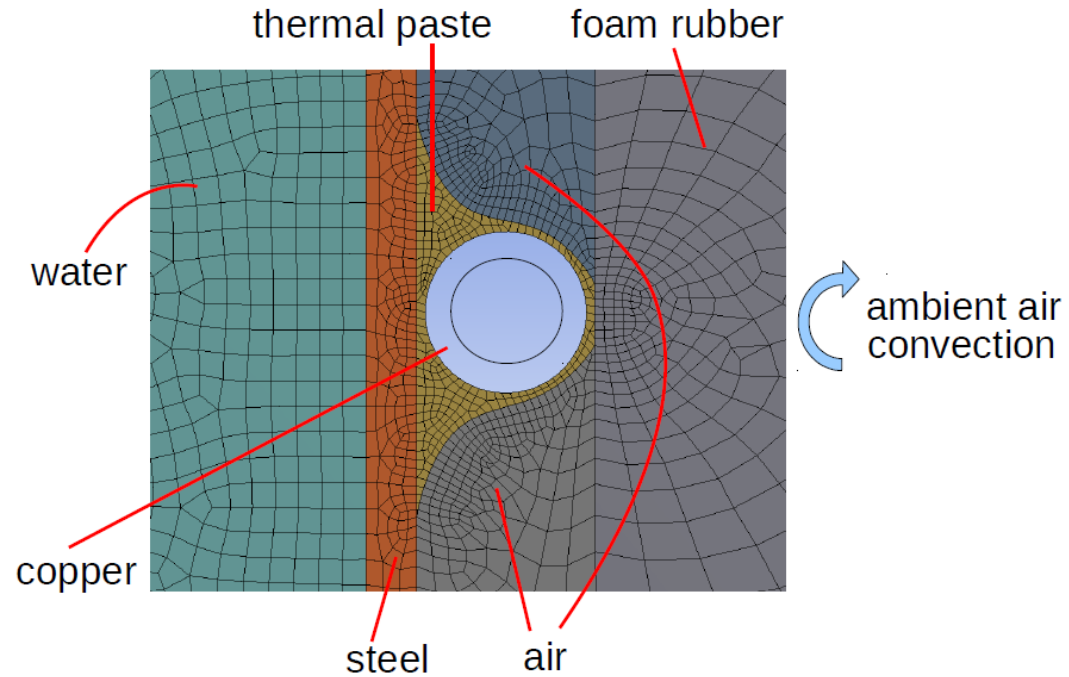
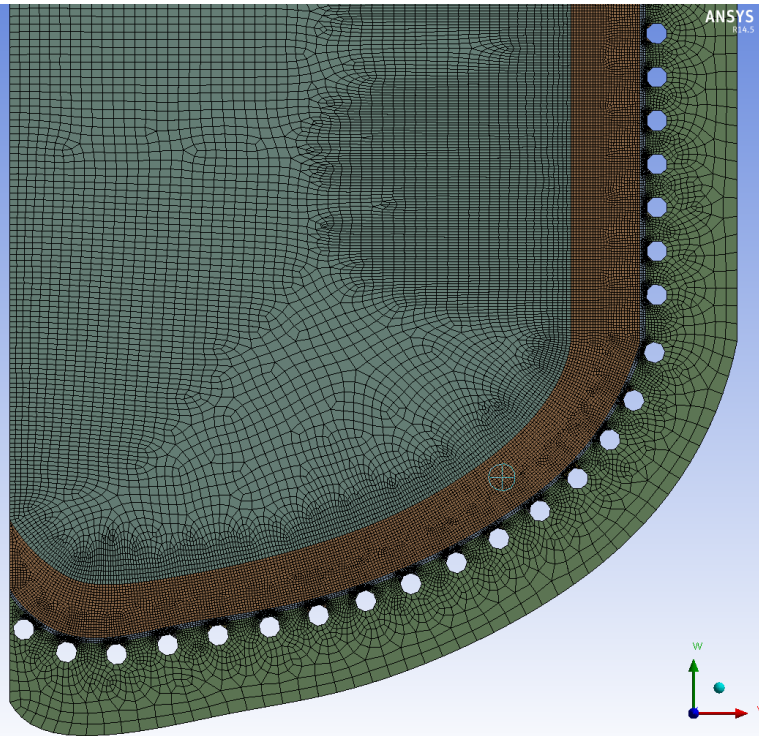
# Transcritical Heat Pump – T-h



# Gas Cooler Design Tool in ANSYS

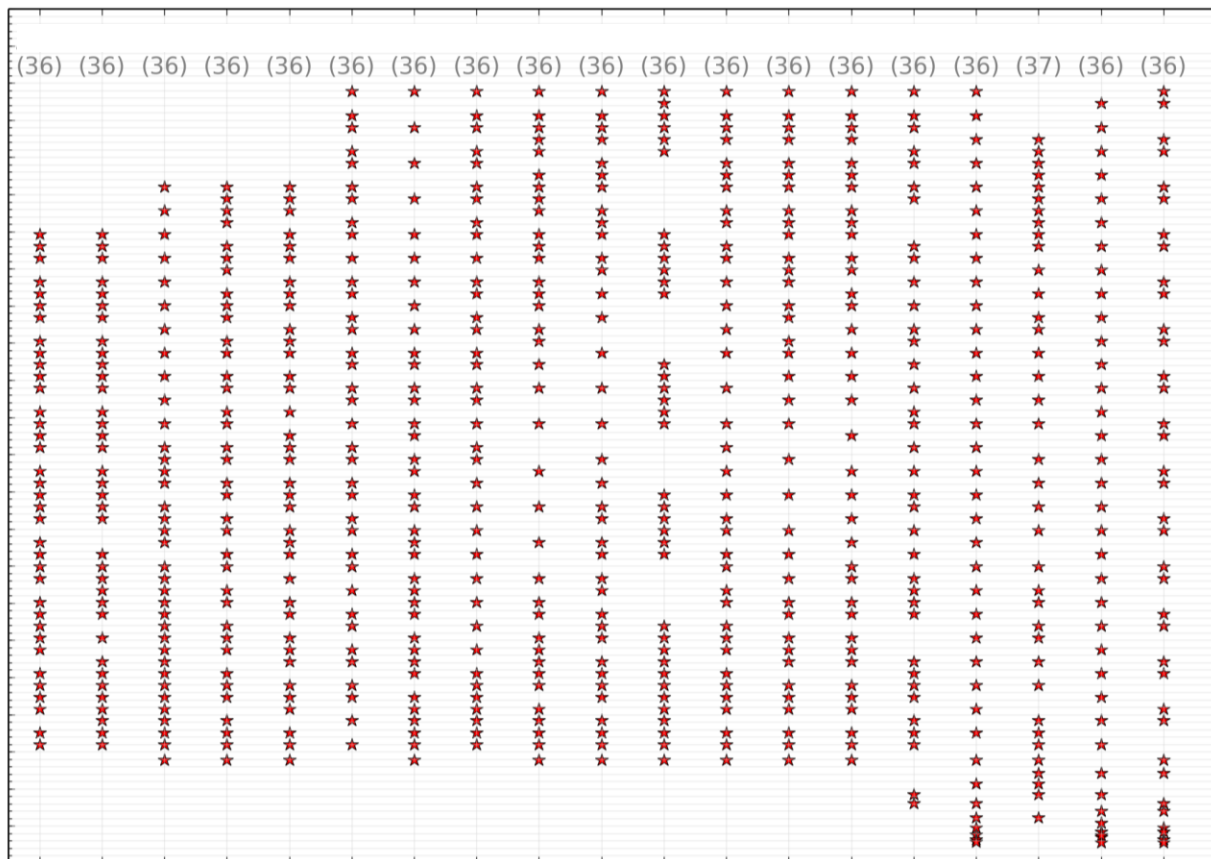
Coupled models of:

- Heat pump performance (mass flow, discharge T and P)
- Heat transfer (convection and multi-material conduction)
- Natural convective fluid flow in tank

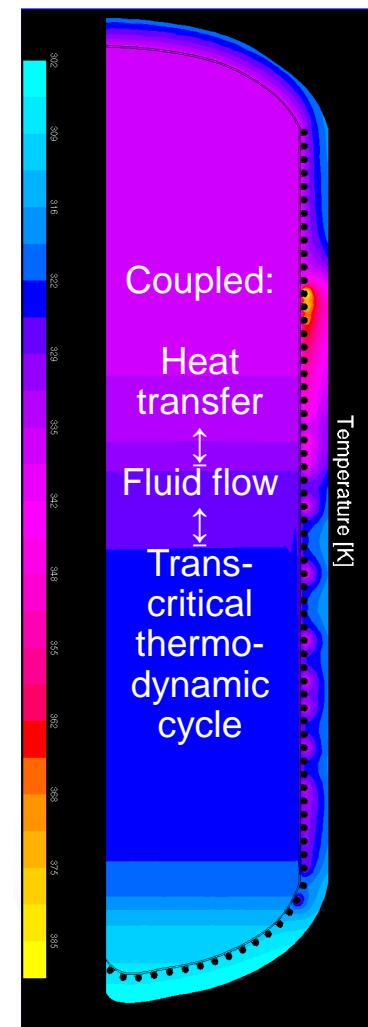


# Gas Cooler Design with CFD

CO2 Coil Height

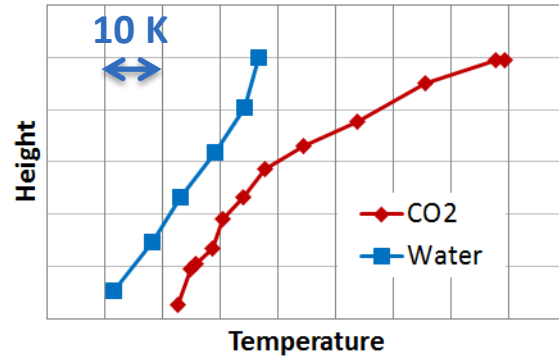


Design cases



# Design Improvements to Gas Cooler

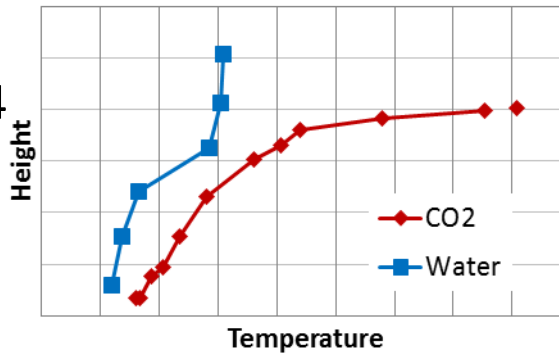
Accomplishments: Progressive improvements in wrap-around gas cooler



Temperature approach at the pinch: ~10 K



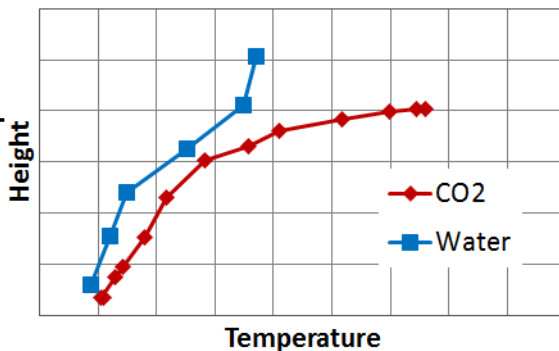
Improved coil construction;  
improved placement with insights  
from CFD



Temperature approach at the pinch: ~5 K



CFD-aided design



Temperature approach at the pinch: ~2.5 K

EF=1.74

EF=2.11













# Results

- EF of 2.1 achieved (pre-2015 TP, 135°F)
- $EF_{NC}$  of 1.9 achieved (pre-2015 TP, 135°F)
- FHR of 73 gallons (post-2015 TP, 125°F: medium use category for UEF)
- Estimated retail pre-incentive installed price premium of \$660 over HFC-based HPWHs

# Conclusion

- More affordable path demonstrated to ENERGY STAR qualified CO<sub>2</sub> HPWH
- EF of 2.1 achieved with
  - Single speed compressor
  - Single expansion device
  - Wrap-around gas cooler

Characteristic		Plate heat exchanger	Wrap-around heat exchanger
Cost		High	 Low
Water fouling		Significant challenge	 None
Water pump		Required	 Not required
Additional tank water inlet/outlet ports		Required	 Not required
Performance		Good	 EF>2.0 demonstrated

# Discussion

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