### The Future of Electric Water Heating

What we learned from NRECA, NRDC & PLMA's Brattle Group Study

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# **Topics**

- About NRDC
- Why NRDC cosponsored the study
- What the study looked at
- · What the study shows
- · What's ahead?



### **About NRDC**

- Natural Resources Defense Council, established in 1970
- International non-profit environmental organization
- · Offices in New York, Washington, Chicago, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Beijing
- More than 2 million members and activists
- ~500 lawyers, scientists, engineers and other professionals
- Top priorities include curbing global warming and creating a clean energy future

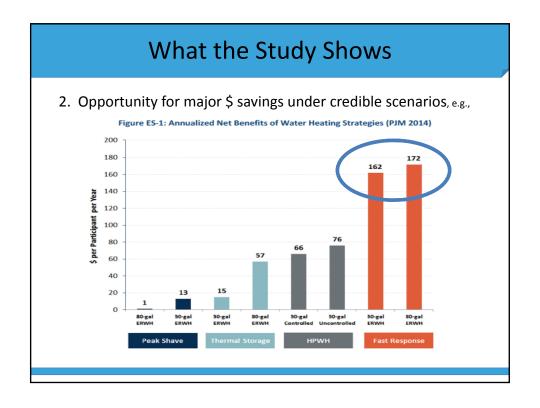
## Why NRDC cosponsored the study

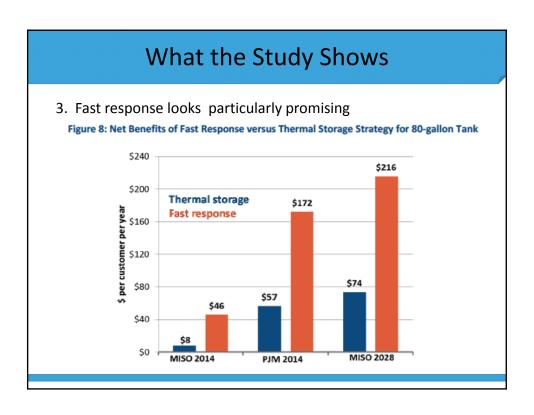
- Water heating a top household energy use; even modest gains can make a big difference
- Big, rapidly emerging opportunities
   Storage and controls for flexible, renewables-ready, economic grid
   Heat pumps for energy savings of ~50%
- Trade-offs
  - Between efficiency at the device & system level
  - Between flexibility & efficiency
- · Lots of promise, but nascent analyses
- Expanding policy issues / opportunities
- Effective previous collaboration with NRECA, PLMA and GRE
   E.g., GEWH legislation in 2015
   Mutual learning

# What the Study Looked At

- Electric Resistance and Heat Pump Water Heaters (ERWH & HPWH)
- Control Strategies: Uncontrolled, peak shaving, thermal storage and fast response
- A few wholesale market scenarios based on MISO and PJM
- System economics and emissions
- · Not everything...

### What the Study Shows 1. Opportunity for major emissions reductions, e.g., Figure ES-2: Change in Water Heater CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions (Relative to Baseline Uncontrolled 50-gallon ERWH) 70% Change in Annual CO2 Emissions per Participant ■ 80-gal ERWH: ■ 50-gal HWPH: Uncontrolled 50% Thermal Storage 30% 10% -10% -30% -29% -30% -50% -52% -52% -52% -70% Coal and gas fuel mix Coal and gas fuel mix, Gas and renewables fuel mix WH curtailment





### What the Study Shows

- 4. No clear single best strategy (i.e., economics and emissions depend on scenario details), value in both HPWH and controlled ERWH
- 5. Need for more development work, including:
  - Fast response capabilities & benefits
  - Optimal management and dispatch of a portfolio of WH

  - Optimal dispatch considering 'community storage'
     Analysis of participant and nonparticipant benefits and incentives
  - Impact of adoption rates on wholesale electricity market prices, particularly for ancillary services
  - Other wholesale market settings and assumptions
  - Location-specific distribution benefits
  - Total market potential
  - Comparison with the economics of other energy storage opportunities
- 6. TIME TO ACCELERATE WORK ON WATER HEATING

### What's Ahead?

- · Energy efficiency using longstanding policy tools
  - Standards, utility programs, tax incentives, Energy Star, RD&D
- OEMs, utilities, others, working on a range of HPWH and controlled ERWH projects
- · Array of policy fronts for storage & DR
  - DR & FERC 745; CA storage mandate; 2018 IECC update; DOE eyeing comm protocols; DOE grid R&D work, more
- Community Storage Initiative launched by PLMA, NRECA & NRDC, and welcoming others
- · Ideas? Questions?

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