

ACEEE Finance Forum Innovative Multifamily Financing May 22, 2018



Commons Energy is a wholly owned subsidiary of VEIC and was started in 2014 for the sole purpose of providing a turn-key approach to help underserved public-purpose entities reduce utility costs

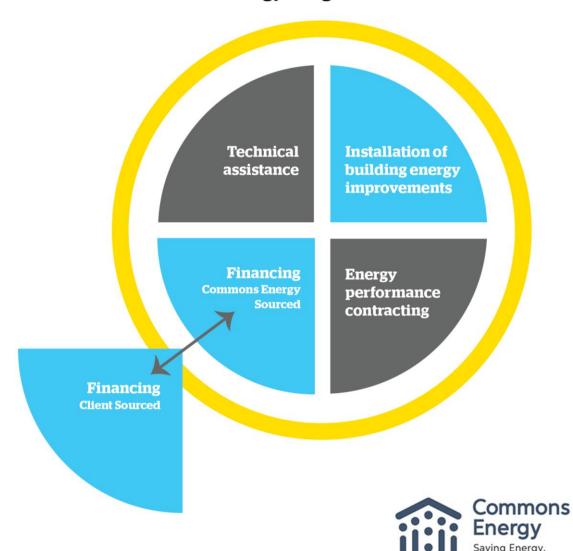
http://www.commonsenergy.com/



Method:

Integrated services offering comprehensive, whole-building, client-based solutions to existing barriers. With the flexibility to meet clients where they're at.

Commons Energy Integrated Services Model



Communities

PPESCO Success Factors

To be successful, a PPESCO must select projects that:

- incur at least \$50K in annual utility bills (energy & water)
- have not recently undertaken major energy/water-saving work
- ➤ have realistic potential for 25%-30% energy/water savings
- involve owners open to a collaborative design and contracting approach
- are legally able to take on debt financing and execute an EPC
- are credit-worthy when using stretch underwriting criteria
- are owned/managed by clients interested in efficiency and committed to continuous energy efficiency improvements

Step by Step

- 1. Identify clients with at least \$50K in annual utility bills (energy & water)
- 2. Analyze bills to assess savings opportunities based on EUI
- 3. Free opportunity assessment (target projects \$100K \rightarrow ~\$750K)
- 4. Complete investment-grade audit w/ limited risk to client
- 5. Develop implementation plan & financing package (as needed)
- 6. Oversee equipment installation & commissioning
- 7. Measure & verify ongoing electric/thermal/water performance
- 8. Perform corrective measures (no-cost) to ensure projected performance
- 9. Provide energy savings guaranty



Common concerns of lenders for EE projects in AMFH Sector

- Loan Defaults Perceived risk may limit willingness to offer financing, especially to projects/borrowers that are more creditchallenged
- Late Payments Any missed payments of principal and interest due to tight operating cash-flow conditions may trigger reporting requirements for lenders to regulators
- EE Savings not materializing Client may not realize the savings as expected thereby leading to lower NOI than required for debt service

Commons Energy provides risk mitigation at all 3 levels to partner lenders!



Shared Loan Loss Guarantee – protection against borrower default

| | Risk Issue | Solution | Description |
|----|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 1. | Loan Defaults | Shared Loss | Kresge's guarantee absorbs any individual |
| | | Loan | project's loss due to default, to a |
| | | Guarantee | maximum of 10%. |

- Kresge's guarantee is a <u>letter of commitment</u> to pay for eligible claims up to \$2 million
- All eligible projects are covered for 10 years from execution of guarantee.



Debt Service Account - permanent protection against late payments

| | Risk Issue | Solution | Description |
|----|---------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 2. | Late Payments | Debt | Kresge awarded a grant of \$100,000 to create |
| | | Service | a revolving account so that principal and |
| | | Account | interest would be paid to portfolio even if |
| | | | individual borrower falls into arrears |



Financial Backstop – protection against Energy Performance Contract (EPC) Claims

| | Risk Issue | Solution | Description |
|----|--------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3. | Claims against EPC | Financial | MacArthur provided a five-year \$250,000 |
| | exceed Commons | Backstop | forgivable <u>loan</u> to support housing claims |
| | Energy's reserves | | Kresge provided a ten-year \$250,000 commitment to pay any eligible claims that |
| | | | exceed Common's Energy reserves (0.6% of |
| | | | project totals) |

- EPC is essentially an insurance policy, and clients may be reluctant to rely on an EPC from a young company
- Foundation backing increases confidence both for clients, that they would get paid, and for funders, that they would have recourse if energy use were not as low as guaranteed



Impact of Credit Enhancements

This backing benefits:

- Clients: confidence that they will be reimbursed if energy savings do not persist
- Lenders: mitigation against loan default risk and recourse in the event that energy savings do not persist
- **CE:** Greatly reduces risk that claims might exceed reserves

These credit enhancements have benefited all 3 lead underwriters/co-financiers of CE:

- (1) National Housing Trust CDFI; (2) VT Community Loan
- (2) Fund; (3) IFF CDFI



Commons Energy Results to date

- > 22 Projects under various stages execution
 - 8 projects completed (\$ 5 Mn of projects with lifetime savings of \$5.6 Mn) under M&V
 - 5 completed projects in VT; 1 completed project each in OH, DC and MD (7/8 in AMFH)
 - 5 projects under EPC implementation; 2 AMFH
 - 9 projects (VT, OH, CT, MD, DC) in the audit phase; 4 AMFH
- Financing provided to completed projects \$3 Mn (\$2 Mn from CE & another \$1 Mn from partners)
- > Continuously seeking to expand the model with new partners
 - Housing/Building portfolio owners
 - PPESCO funders/implementers (currently exploring expansion in Michigan)
 - General contractors
 - Co-financiers/lead underwriters





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Open source information about Public Purpose ESCOs: www.ppescohowto.org

Commons Energy L3C (<u>www.commonsenergy.com</u>)