

### Measuring Hot Water Use With HERS<sub>H20</sub>

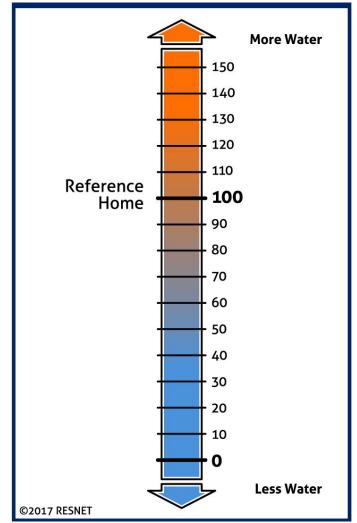
Hot Water Forum March, 2018

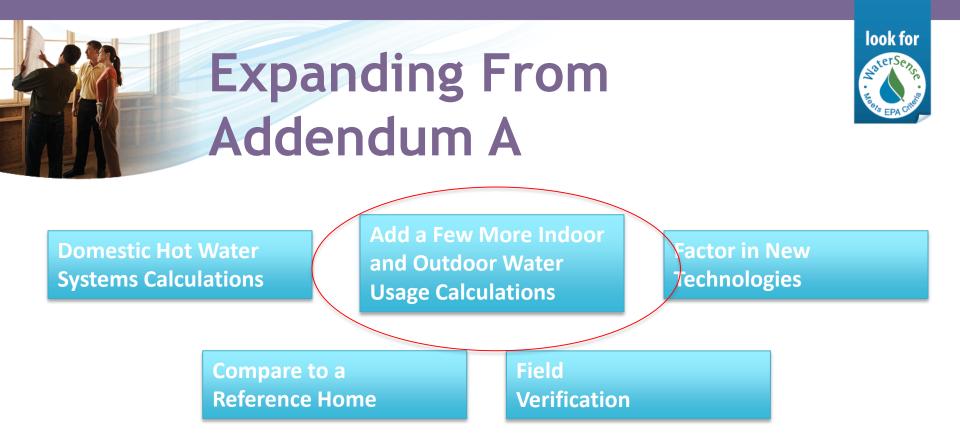
Jonah Schein | EPA WaterSense

# Key Objectives for HERS<sub>H20</sub>



- Nationwide applicability
- Suitable for both new and existing homes
- Encompasses both indoor and outdoor water efficiency
- Practical and affordable to administer
- Scores usable for quantitative comparison





RESNET's Whole House Water Efficiency Rating System

## From Addendum A to HERS<sub>H20</sub>



- Split use of hot water using faucets into showerheads and faucets, and then again kitchen and faucet use
  - Removes showers from the total based on REUWS I & II data
  - 69% to the kitchen, 31% to lavatory based on analysis of REUWS I data
- Allows users to impact each end use separately
  - Addendum A treats efficiency as binary, you're "low-flow" or you're not, HERS<sub>H2O</sub> maintains the binary method for lav faucets only
- Will ultimately allow the incorporation of technologies like grey water

## Moving Toward Whole House Water Use

look for

- Added toilet water use
  - Based on REUWS I and II data and EPACT federal standards
- Adjusts ("penalizes") homes for excess pressure
  - Can be adjusted with the use pressure compensating fixtures
- Adds water softener use
  - Is added to both the reference and rated homes in locations that demonstrate hard water
- Outdoor water use



- We are rich in energy and building data
  - International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) provides a baseline for energy consumption in residential new construction
  - Residential Energy Consumption Survey (RECS) provide detailed end use information on a regular basis
  - American Housing Survey (AHS) provides additional data on the make up of the national building stock
- The best source of field data for outdoor water use is the Residential End Uses of Water Study (REUWS II)
  - Original REUWS study published in 1999
  - Revision published in 2016



- REUWS includes predictive methods for estimating outdoor water use that includes terms for:
  - Ln(irrigated area +1)
  - Ln(Net ET)
  - Cost of water
  - Indicator for in-ground sprinkler systems
  - Indicator for presence of swimming pools
- When we take cost of water out, the model starts to behave erratically



Outdoor residential water use is primarily a behavioral issue and we need to consider factors as to how they impact this behavior

- This seems obvious, but is actual counter to traditional methods of estimating outdoor water use
  - Typically based on the biological needs of plants
- Actual very similar to how addendum A works
  - the showerhead doesn't know what  $105^{\circ}$  F
  - Doesn't know when to turn off and on
- Makes homes with and without automatic irrigation fundamentally different
  - Models of use become stronger with more automation



Splitting the methodology for homes with and without an automatic irrigation systems, we get

$$\begin{bmatrix} exp(A) \\ 1 + exp(A) \end{bmatrix} * 1.18086 \\ * [2.0341 * netET^{0.7154} \\ * Ref_Irr_Area^{0.6227} + 0.5756 * ind_Pool$$

$$\left[\frac{\exp(B)}{1 + \exp(B)}\right] * 1.22257$$
  
\* [1.4233 + 0.6311 \* netET + 0.9376

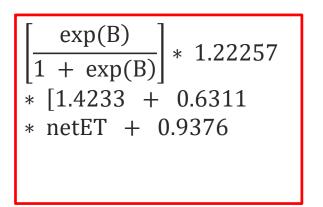


• What the equation is really saying is:

 $\left[\frac{exp(A)}{1 + exp(A)}\right]$ \* 1.18086  $* [2.0341 * netET^{0.7154}]$ \* Irr\_Area<sup>0.6227</sup> + 0.5756 \* ind Pool

Water use in landscapes with automatic irrigation are a function of

- Size
- Climate(ET)
- Presence or absence of a pool.



Water use in landscapes w/out automatic irrigation are a function of

- Size
- Climate (ET)
- Presence or absence of a pool

## **Indoor Rated Water Use**



Will respond to:

- More efficient plumbing products
- Efficient Appliances
- More efficient plumbing distribution

Normalized for:

- Climate
- Size of house & predicted occupancy

### **Outdoor Rated Water Use**



Will respond to:

- Smaller landscapes (the reference landscape is fixed based on lot size)
- More efficient irrigation technology
  - Smart controllers
  - More efficient emitters (through a flow intensity calculation called RICI)
  - Proper commissioning by a trained professional

Normalized for:

Climate

# Implementing HERS<sub>H20</sub>



### Who's RESNET?

- An industry-based, not for profit organization
- A national standards making body for building energy efficiency rating and certification systems in the USA (ANSI Accredited Standards Development Organization)
  - Consensus based standard development and amendment process
  - Transparent review and adoption process Formal public review and comment process



## Using RESNET's Infrastructure



- More than 2 million homes have received a HERS rating
- Multiple approved software vendors
  - Established process for approving and validatin changes
- There are almost 2,000 certified HERS raters
  - Rigorous 40-hour course with national written and practical assessments
  - Apprentice-style probationary period for conducting a minimum of 5 ratings
  - Professional Development requirements to maintain certification
  - Contract with a RESNET Quality Assurance Provider

### look for What do raters do for energy? What can they do for water? Pre-drywall inspections for insulation, Energy efficiency plan reviews envelope air sealing, duct insulation and sealing and verification of window U-values and SHGC Building envelope leakage testing

Duct leakage testing

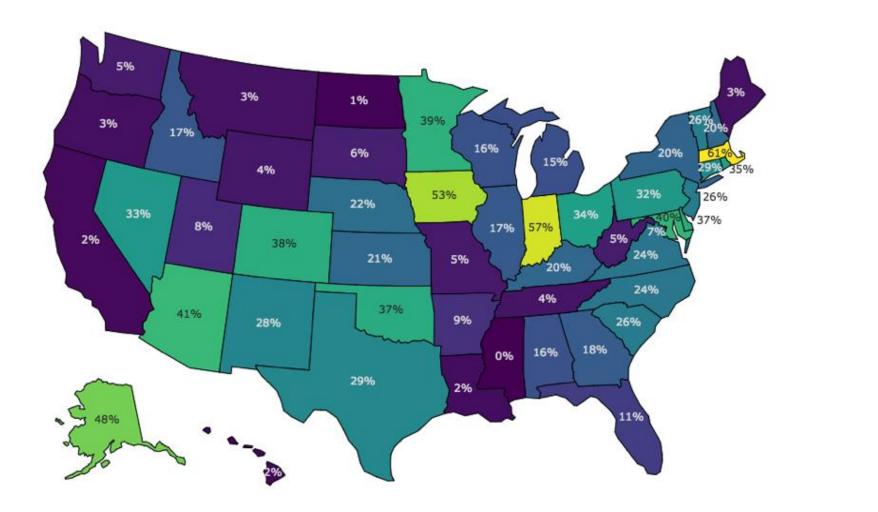


Verification of compliance with the IECC **Energy Rating Index Compliance Path** 

> Energy modeling to determine HERS Index Score and estimated energy usage

### Water Efficiency **Ratings...coming soon!**

## Share of New Homes Receiving HERS Ratings



%

0.6

0.5

0.4

0.3

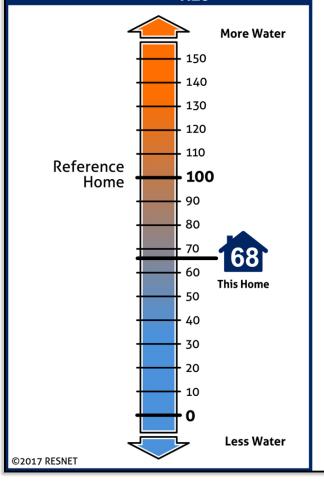
0.2

0.1

## **Measures Water Efficiency Improvements**



### **RESNET HERS<sub>H20</sub> Index**



#### Water efficiency rating certificate for:

100 Sunshine Dr. Irvine, CA 90000

1980
3
5000
2000

sq. ft. sq. ft. sq. ft.

### This Home, Compared to the Reference Home

(Reference home is similarly sized, at same location, with attributes typical of a 2006 home)

more water

32% 34,080

efficient

gallons of water annual savings

### \$175

annual saving on water utility bills

#### Rated by:

Date: January 19, 2018

Justin Miller Efficiency Unlimited Santa Ana, CA 90000



### What This Means to Builders



# **KB** ENERGY PERFORMANCE GUIDE Copperleaf The Maston Plan SIZED. RESALE HOM Actual energy consumption and costs will vary

ESTIMATED ANNUAL SAVINGS = \$1,524"

Adding water savings to this

- Lets an efficient builder further differentiate themselves on cost savings
- Quantifies the homes impact on water resources
- Clearly communicates that
  this home is differed
  - Better is better





- Finalize ANSI standard (RESNET/ICC 1100)
- Pilot HERSH2O Guidelines
- Develop training and quality assurance process for raters
  - Add procedures for non-raters



### **Thank You!**



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