

The Past, Present, and Future of Plug Load Strategies



Rois Langner

Buildings & Thermal Systems Center National Renewable Energy Laboratory

ACEEE National Symposium for Market Transformation March 21, 2016

NREL is a national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC.

- Introduction
- Controlling Plug Loads in Commercial Buildings
 - What can we do now?
 - How to get tenant buy-in?
 - What's coming next?
- Summary

DOE's Better Buildings Alliance



Members work with the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE's) network of research and technical experts to develop and deploy innovative, cost-effective, energy savings solutions.



Figure 1. PPLs account for 33% of the total energy consumed by commercial buildings. Graph by Chad Lobato, NREL; Data source: DOE (2010)

BBA PPL Membership

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF Energy Ef	ficiency & e Energy		EERE Home Pro	grams & Offices Consumer Information	
Bet Bui	ter ldings®	BE	Connect with Us BETTER BUILDINGS ALLIANCE		
Sectors	Activities	Events	About	Join	
HOME » TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS TEAMS » PLUG & PROCESS LOADS Owners and Operators					
				Affiliates	
Activities	Plug & Pi				
Technology Solutio	ns Teams				

Plug and Process Loads (PPL) consume about one third of primary energy in U.S. commercial buildings. PPLs cover a wide variety of electronic, computer, refrigeration, and cooking devices, including equipment essential to information processing, medical treatment, and food service businesses. Each of these categories contains hundreds of types of devices.

PPLs account for an increasingly large percentage of commercial building energy use. The primary energy use associated with PPLs is projected to grow from 30% to 35% of total commercial building energy use between 2010 and 2025, due to an increase in the number of plug-in devices and the energy intensity of those devices. Due to the wide range of commercial building types, uses, sizes, and vintages found in the United States, PPL

https://www4.eere.energy.gov/alliance/activities/technologysolutions-teams/plug-process-loads

Lighting & Electrical

Space Conditioning

Food Service

Refrigeration

Plug & Process Loads

Why Plug & Process Loads (PPLs)?

PPLs account for an increasingly large percentage of a building's energy use

Reduce PPL energy use by:

- Assessing PPL energy consumption
- Selecting appropriate control strategies
- Exploring efficient PPL design solutions
- Identifying utility incentives
- Institutionalizing policies and procedures for PPL energy reduction



Figure 5. Diagram of an example low-energy workstation. Illustration by Matthew Luckwitz, NREL

Available PPL Resources

- Fact Sheets
- Technical Reports
- Presentations
- Case Studies
- Technical Specifications
- How-To Graphics
- List of Utility Incentives



ADVANCED POWER STRIPS (APS) HOW TO USE IN AN OFFICE SETTING ach APS has three outlet types for equipment with various electric Secondary Outlet Always-On Outlet Primary Outle er," outlet because it turns off the tlets and typically power peripheral device by the primary outlet. Important office isk devices, such as landline phones an machines, that are plugged into the mple, turning off your compu natically shuts off the power to s eir functionality. For example, you neer printer. The amount of energy you save with

Featured Publications:

•

•

- Assessing and Reducing PPLs in <u>Office</u> and <u>Retail</u> Buildings
- <u>Technical Specification</u> for Advanced Power Strips
- How To Use Advanced Power Strips in an Office Setting
- <u>Utility Incentives</u> for Advanced Power Strips
- Decision Guides for PPL Controls

PPL Solutions

What can we do now?

PPL Solutions – What can we do now?

- Messaging, or Turn it Off! Campaigns
- Use Built-In Low Power States for Equipment
- Advanced Power Strips
- Upgrade Equipment with Low-Energy or ENERGY STAR [®]-Certified Equipment
- Design Strategies for Consolidating PPLs
- Integrated PPL Controls with Other Building Systems
- Submetering and Control Options



Illustration by Marjorie Schott, NREL





Low Cost Solutions

- Messaging, or Turn it Off! Campaigns
- Use Built-In Low Power States for Equipment
- Advanced Power Strips
- Upgrade Equipment with Low-Energy or ENERGY STAR [®]-Certified Equipment
- Design Strategies for Consolidating PPLs
- Integrated PPL Controls with Other Building Systems
- Submetering and Control Options





Figure 3. Ice machine daily load profile. Graph by Chad Lobato, NREL

Low Cost Solutions

- Messaging, or Turn it Off! Campaigns
- Use Built-In Low Power States for Equipment
- Advanced Power Strips
- Upgrade Equipment with Low-Energy or ENERGY STAR [®]-Certified Equipment
- Design Strategies for Consolidating PPLs
- Integrated PPL Controls with Other Building Systems
- Submetering and Control Options
 - List of <u>Utility Incentives</u> for Advanced Power Strips



GPG Plug Load Control Study

- Opportunity: 20-25% of building electricity consumption goes to plug loads.
- What Was Done: In 2012, NREL tested the effectiveness of three plug load reduction strategies in eight federal office buildings throughout GSA's Mid-Atlantic Region.
- Technology: Tested strategies included 1) schedulebased control, 2) load-sensing, and 3) a combination of the two. Schedule-based control was found to be most effective.
- Energy Savings: 26% energy reduction at workstations with advanced computer management already in place, 50% energy reduction in kitchens and printer rooms.
- Cost-Effectiveness: 2 year payback.
- Available Online: http://gsa.gov/portal/content/164611



Mid-High Cost Solutions

- Messaging, or Turn it Off! Campaigns
- Use Built-In Low Power States for Equipment
- Advanced Power Strips
- Upgrade Equipment with Low-Energy or ENERGY STAR [®]-Certified Equipment
- Design Strategies for Consolidating PPLs
- Integrated PPL Controls with Other Building Systems
- Submetering and Control Options



Mid-High Cost Solutions

- Messaging, or Turn it Off!
 Campaigns
- Use Built-In Low Power States for Equipment
- Advanced Power Strips
- Upgrade Equipment with Low-Energy or ENERGY STAR [®]-Certified Equipment
- Design Strategies for Consolidating PPLs
- Integrated PPL Controls with Other Building Systems
- Submetering and Control Options



How to get tenant buy-in?

- Messaging, or Turn it Off!
 Campaigns
- Interactive dashboards
- Incentive programs
- Engagement activities

- Messaging, or Turn it Off! Campaigns
- Interactive dashboards
- Incentive programs
- **Engagement activities**

YOUR ACTIONS MATTER

determines how much energy they consume.

simply by turning off devices when not in use.

OK, I'M READY TO TAKE ACTION

Opportunities to reduce plug loads in office buildings

abound, but we recommend starting with your computer,

monitor, printer, and copy machine. These devices

Computer and monitor: Enable your computer's power management settings. Use the following link to head to

the ENERGY STAR website, which offers step-by-step

account for over 75% of office electricity use.

instructions for all major operating systems.

by enabling lower-power settings.

Flip the Switch: I Will if You Will

PLUG LOADS: FLIPPING THE SWITCH ON ENERGY WASTE



At Shorenstein, we are committed to reducing our environmental footprint. As corporate partners in the U.S. Department of Energy's Better Buildings Challenge, we pledged to cut energy use in our buildings 20% by 2020. We're over half way there, and we're hoping that you will join us to help reach this goal and Flip the Switch.

QUICK FACTS ON PLUG LOADS

- A plug load is the energy draw from an electric device plugged into an outlet, such as a computer, printer, or TV.
- Plug loads are the fastest growing energy uses in the U.S., largely due to the proliferation of computing equipment.
- In office buildings, plug loads account for up to 50% of all
- electricity consumed. A computer operating 24 hours-a-day for one year uses as much electricity as the average U.S. home does in 3 weeks and emits more than half a ton of carbon dioxide.

Vampire loads are the energy draws from electric devices

that are turned "off." That's right - even if you have turned off an electric device, it can still consume electricity, up to 10% of its active-mode consumption! Image: courtesy www.earthhour.org

Engaging low power settings only takes a couple minutes To a large extent, the way we use electric devices You can reduce your computer's energy costs up to 70% You can cut overall electricity demand in your office by 5% You can save additional electricity by reducing displa brightness. You might also find that a less bright monitor i THE PLUG LOAD ENERGY PIE easier on your eyes. When you leave for the day, turn off your computer and monitor ... and flip the switch on the power strip. Printer and copier: If they have low power settings, enable

them, and turn them off at the end of the day. W recommend attaching these devices to power strips an switching these off - printers and copiers can draw substantial vampire loads.

Get your colleagues involved: Sometimes it takes a leade to get the ball rolling. Once you've engaged your low power settings and located all your power strips, stop b your coworker's office and show them... there's (low power in numbers!

DON'T STOP NOW!

We encourage you to think of other ways you can reduc energy, water, and material waste in your office. An thanks - by working together, we know that we can read our goal.

Questions or comments? Contact your Propert Management Office.





- Messaging, or Turn it Off!
 Campaigns
- Interactive dashboards

NREL PIX # 500006-C



- Messaging, or Turn it Off!
 Campaigns
- Interactive dashboards
- Incentive programs
- Engagement activities



Icon made by Freepik from www.flaticon.com

- Messaging, or Turn it Off!
 Campaigns
- Interactive dashboards
- Incentive programs
- Engagement activities

Penn State Studio Lab: Energy Behavior Change

http://studiolab.psu.edu/projects/energybehavior-change



PPL Solutions

What's next?

- Designing for plug load efficiency
- Integrated plug load controls
- Office automation

- Designing for plug load efficiency
- Integrated plug load controls
- Office automation



- Maximize use of common spaces
 - Multifunction devices 75% less printers
- Workstation
 - ENERGYSTAR as a starting point
 - Minimize individual stuff
 - Advanced Power Strips
- Design to use stairs
- Minimize distribution transformers
- Exhaust transfer air for cooling of network/switch rooms
- Opportunities to turn off parasitic office equipment
- Occupancy sensors
 - Power strips
 - Integrate into light switch or CPU activity
- Efficiency datacenter operations
- Air side economizer
- Evaporative cooling
- Waste heat recovery

- Designing for plug load efficiency
- Integrated plug load controls
- Office automation

- Space utilization
- Occupancy sensors
- Work station information
- Controls/communication protocols

- Designing for plug load efficiency
- Integrated plug load controls
- Workstation automation



- Lights
- Plug loads
- Individual heating and cooling
- User feedback for BAS input
- Sensors for operable windows
- Controlled outlets
- Energy storage

NREL PIX # 17904

Summary

In Summary:

- There's a lot that you can do **now**
- Low-cost solutions exist
- There are many ways to **engage with tenants** to reduce plug load energy use
- There are many ways to design and operate a building to reduce plug load energy use
- New technologies are on the horizon



Thank you!



Rois Langner National Renewable Energy Laboratory <u>Rois.Langner@nrel.gov</u>