

# ACEEE From Grid Response to Grid Interactive: An Evolving Perspective



**Autonomous Load Control For Resilient Reserves**

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**Cooper  
Power Systems**  
by **EATON**

# PV Market and Policy Drivers

**PV Price & Penetration**  
Texas Renewable Energy Resource Assessment

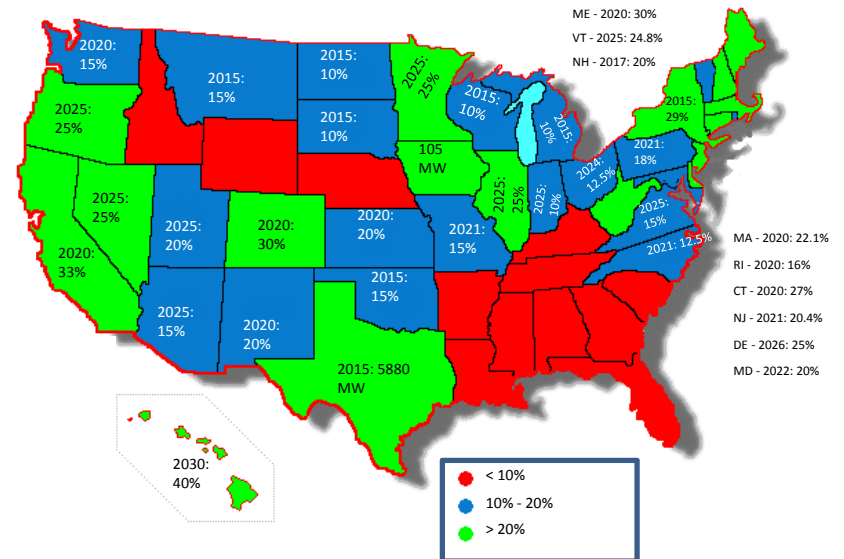


Note: Data for solar only  
<http://www.seco.cpa.state.tx.us/publications/renewenergy/>

**“inflection point”**

- Economic / social benefits prevail (< \$0.10/kWh)
- Renewable penetration exceeds 5% (point of stability problems)

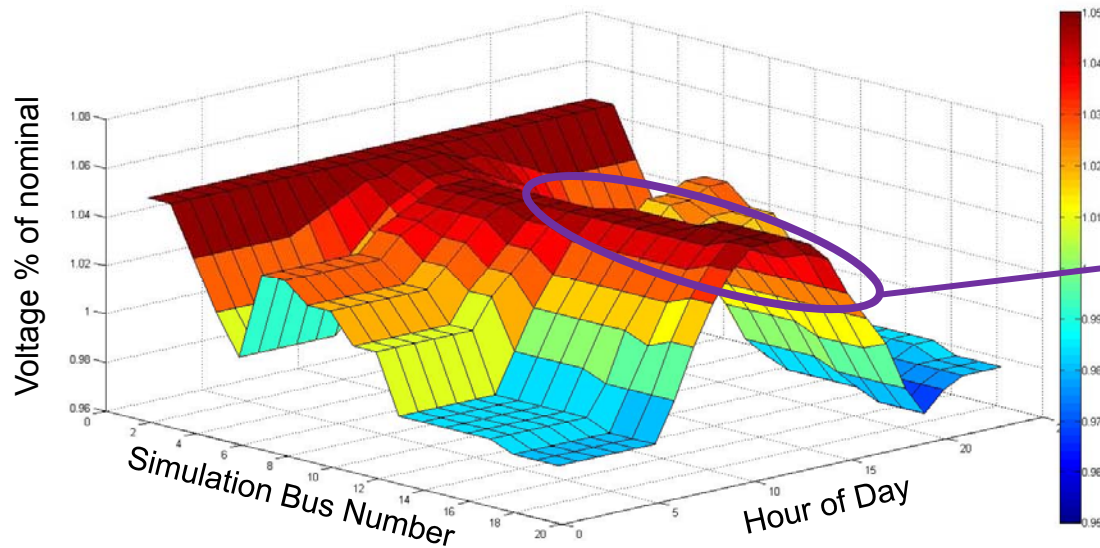
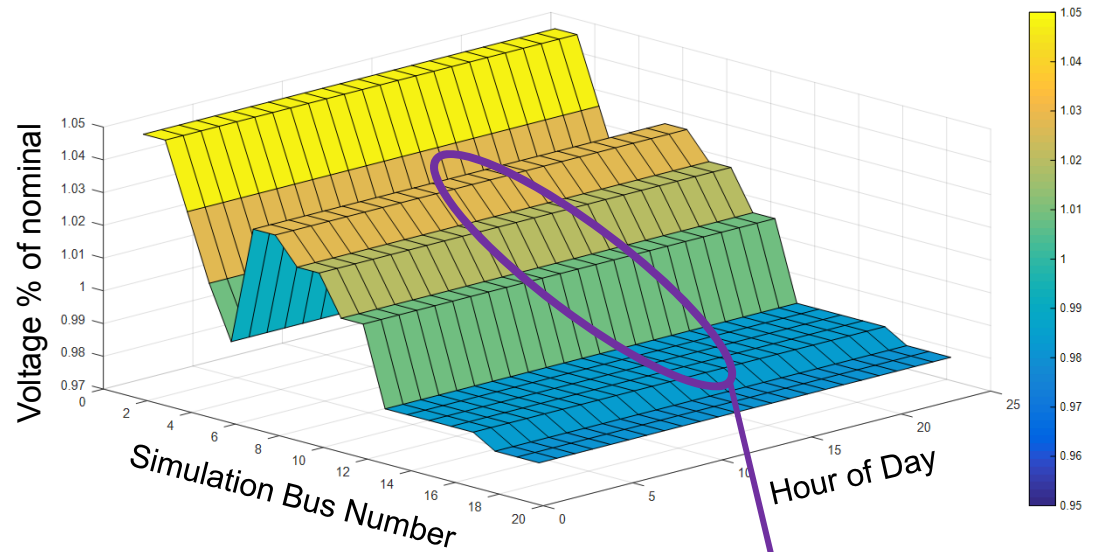
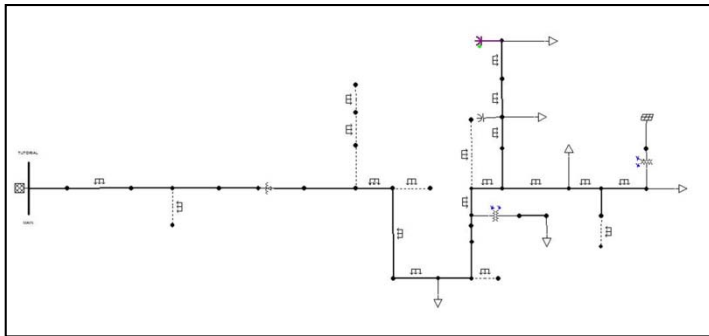
**Legislated Renewable Standards Policies and Goals**  
IREC North Carolina Energy Center



- Penetration of PV at inflection point
- Other intermittent sources and loads continue to drive complexity in distribution grid

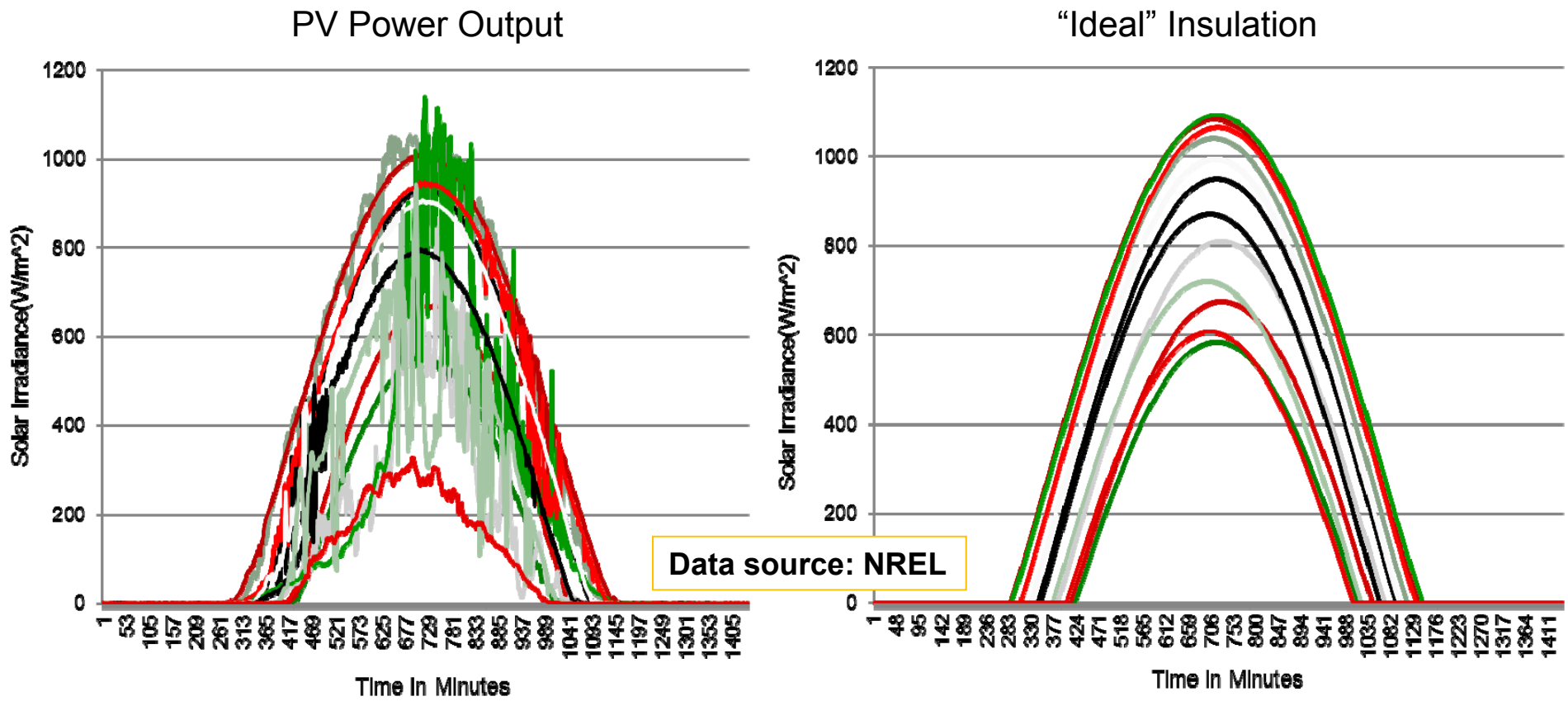
# Distribution System – Power System Models

IEEE 34-Bus Test Feeder with PV integration



**Voltage rise introduced by reverse power flow from PV integration**

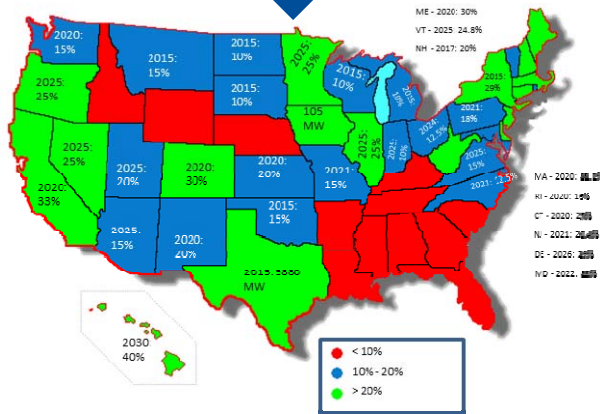
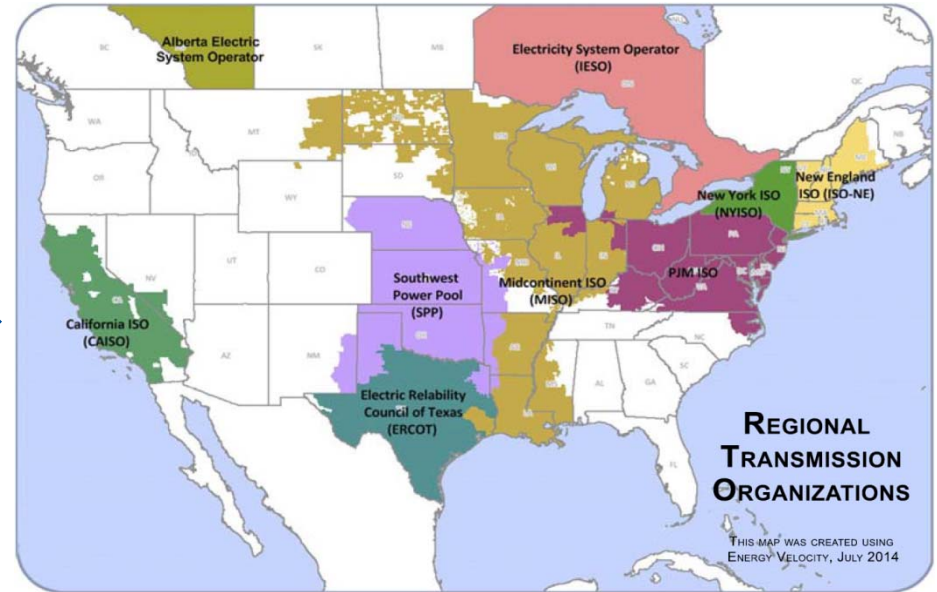
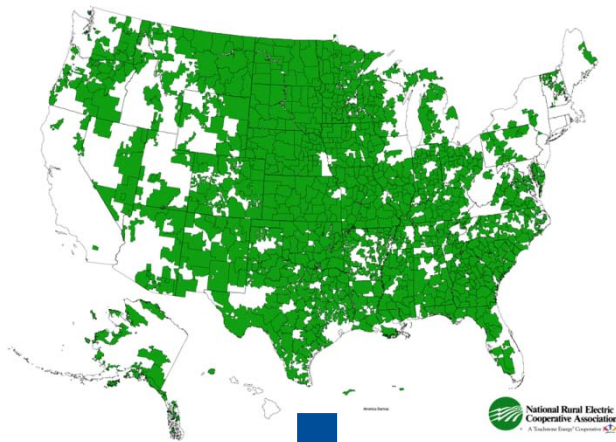
# Real vs. Idealized PV Power Output



- Intermittency is one of major challenges of renewables



# NRECA Customer Foot Print vs Policy vs Market



- Individual Utility Goals
- Urban and Remote Power Systems
- Feeder Level Power Issues
- Multiple Use Cases
- Seasonal Value Propositions

# Demand Side Management with Adaptive Probabilistic Deconfliction

## NODES Program Objectives CATEGORY 1: Synthetic Frequency Response Reserves

### DOE Project metrics

- Initial Response Time < 2 seconds
- Reserve Magnitude Target (RMT) > 2 % of load
- Reserve Magnitude Variability Tolerance (RMVT) < +/- 5%
- Ramp Time < 8 seconds
- Duration > 30 seconds
- Availability > 95 %
- Recovery < 4 Hours

### Solution Metrics

- Initial Response Time 7-10 Cycles (+.12 Secs)
- Reserve Magnitude Target (RMT) 5 % of load
- Reserve Magnitude Variability Tolerance (RMVT) 2%
- Ramp Time < 2 seconds
- Duration > 10 Minutes
- Recovery < 1 hour



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**Funding agency:** DOE ARPA-E

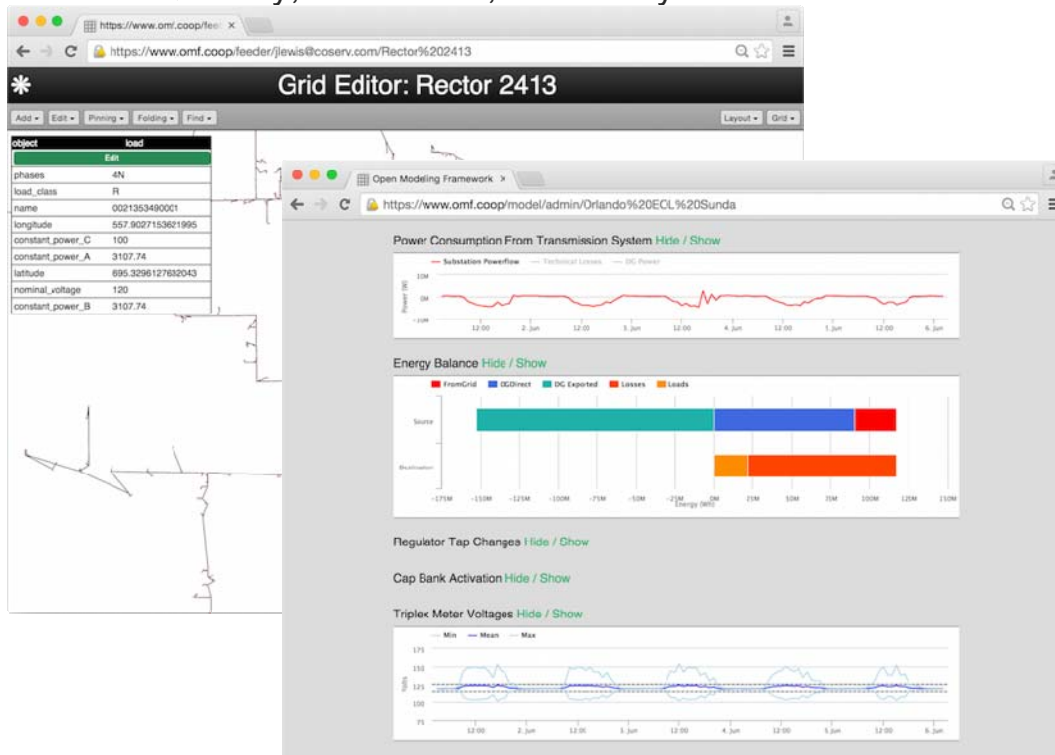
### Technical Objectives of NRECA GridBallast

- Local frequency reserves & voltage management
- Integrate ordinary deferrable loads
- Probabilistic frequency & voltage response algorithms



# GridBallasts – Autonomous Load Control Frequency and Ramping Reserves

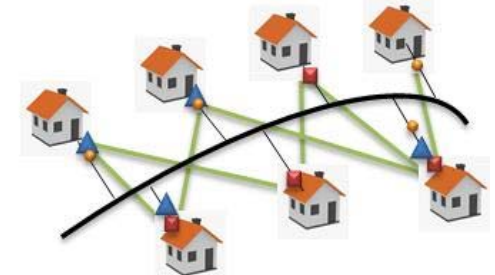
- Autonomous, Collaborative & Central Control
- Probabilistic frequency & voltage response algorithms
- Power System Modelling
  - Quantity, Placement, Sensitivity



**Alonetic**  
Operation



Collaborative  
Operation



Central  
Control



- Water heater control
- ▲ Plug load control
- Other load control

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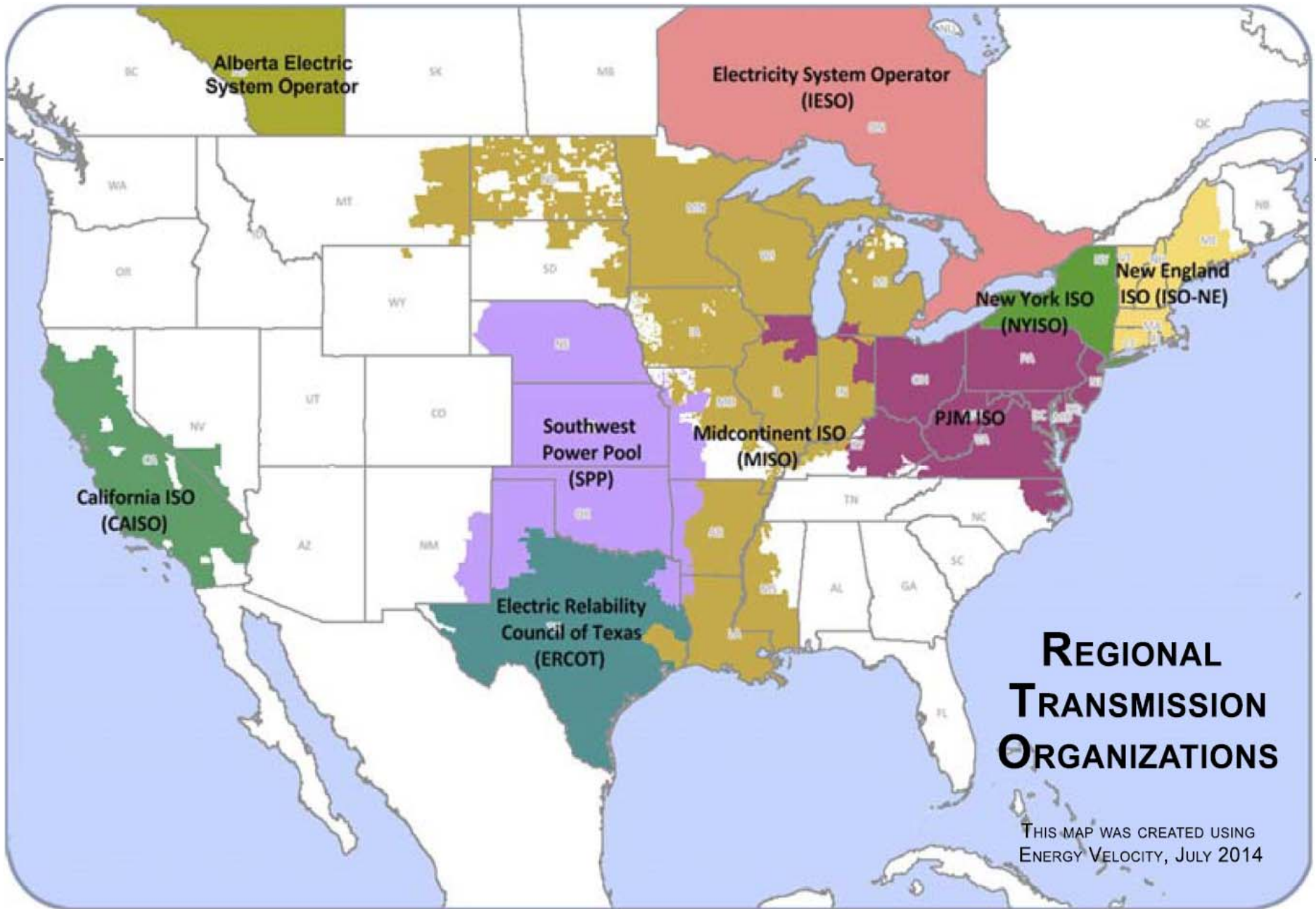
*Powering Business Worldwide*



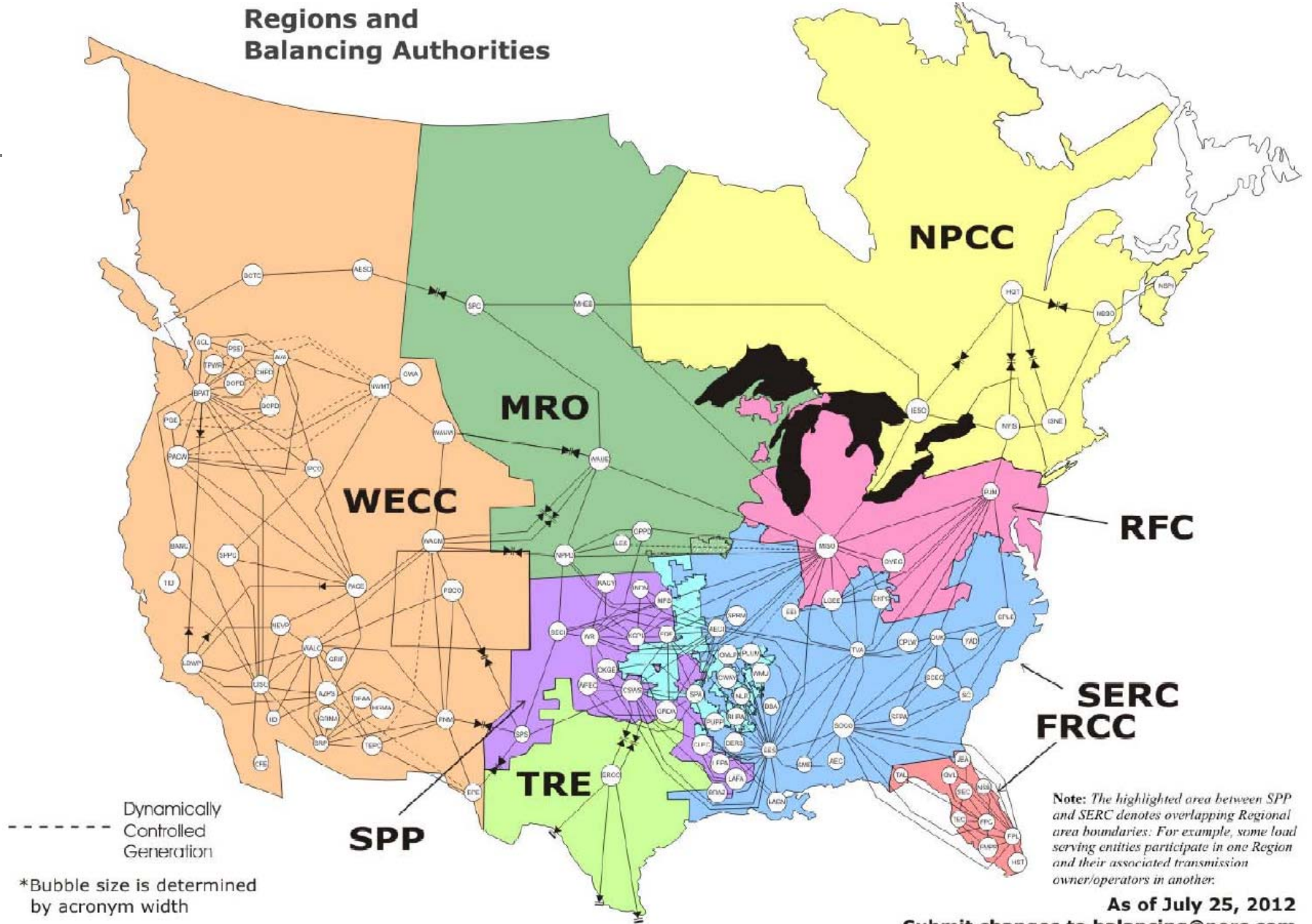
# Business Discussion

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- Skate to where the puck will be (Ed Cannon)
- Healthy Company
  - There are 10 times more new product ideas than funding available
- Market vs. Market Potential
  - How many products are delivered each year
  - How big can the market get
- Chicken and the Egg vs. Catch 22



# Regions and Balancing Authorities



----- Dynamically Controlled Generation

\*Bubble size is determined by acronym width

**As of July 25, 2012**  
 Submit changes to [balancing@nerc.com](mailto:balancing@nerc.com)



# Context – America's Electric Cooperative Network:

- Serve 75% of the nation's land mass.
- Provide power to approximately 42 million consumers from 65 generation and transmission co-ops.
- Operate 42% of the nation's distribution lines.

