

A Carbon-Free Energy Future

The Health Safety and Environmental Benefits of Electrification

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Agenda





Keys to Decarbonization



On-Site Combustion: It's Not What It Used to Be



Renewable Portfolio Standards: The Future of the Grid



Electrification in the Home

Three Keys to Decarbonization





On-Site Combustion: *It's Not What It Used to Be*





Renewable Portfolio Standards





Source Carbon Content: 2018





Source Carbon Content: 2030





Source Carbon Content: 2018 with





= 44 lb CO_2 / MMBTU

Benefits



All-Electric Home Comparison

	Electric & Gas Home	All-Electric Home
Electricity Consumption	4,530 kWh/yr	7,670 kWh/yr
Natural Gas Consumption	370 Therm/yr	0 Therm/yr
GHG Emissions (source)	6700 lb CO ₂ /yr	4100 lb CO ₂ /yr
Total 2016 kTDV ¹	80 kTDV/yr	71 kTDV/yr
Total 2016 Energy Bill	\$1,070/yr	\$1,040/yr

¹ Does not include lighting or miscellaneous plug loads. Based on energy modeling of a typical 2,100 sf singlestory home. GHG emissions averaged over first 15 years. Individual energy use may vary based on individual lifestyle and behavior.



What About in the Home?



On-site combustion releases carbon monoxide into the home. 1,555 64% accidental of all CO CO related exposure deaths per cases occur in the home. year.

Source: CDC

Source: National Institute of Health (2016)

Based on these modeling results, the investigators estimated that, during a typical winter week, 1.7 million Californians could be exposed to CO levels that exceed standards for ambient air, and 12 million could be exposed to excessive NO₂ levels, if they do not use venting range hoods during cooking



The Hardest Habits to Break





The only place most people interact with their fuel source is cooking – it is the hardest for them to give up. People care that they are comfortable and have hot water, they don't care what fuel source makes these happen

Gas burners were estimated to add 25–33% to the week-averaged indoor NO₂ concentrations during summer and 35–39% in winter... For CO, gas stoves were estimated to contribute 30% and 21% to the indoor air concentration in summer and winter, respectively.

LBNL

Carbon monoxide is a deadly toxin. In one study, 51 percent of kitchen ranges tested raised CO concentrations in the room above the EPA standard of 9 parts per million. Five percent had carbon monoxide levels above 200 parts per million lowa State

The Hardest Habits to Break





Induction cooking is the future!

- No combustion
- Cooking surface is not directly heated
- Better temperature
- □ Faster cooking

(95% effective; natural gas only 35% effective)

Easy to clean

Thank You



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