



Laboratory Experimentation and Modeling of Installation Slope Impacts on Drain Water Heat Recovery Effectiveness

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Outline

- Introduction
- Research Goals
- Methods
- Results
- Conclusions



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Introduction

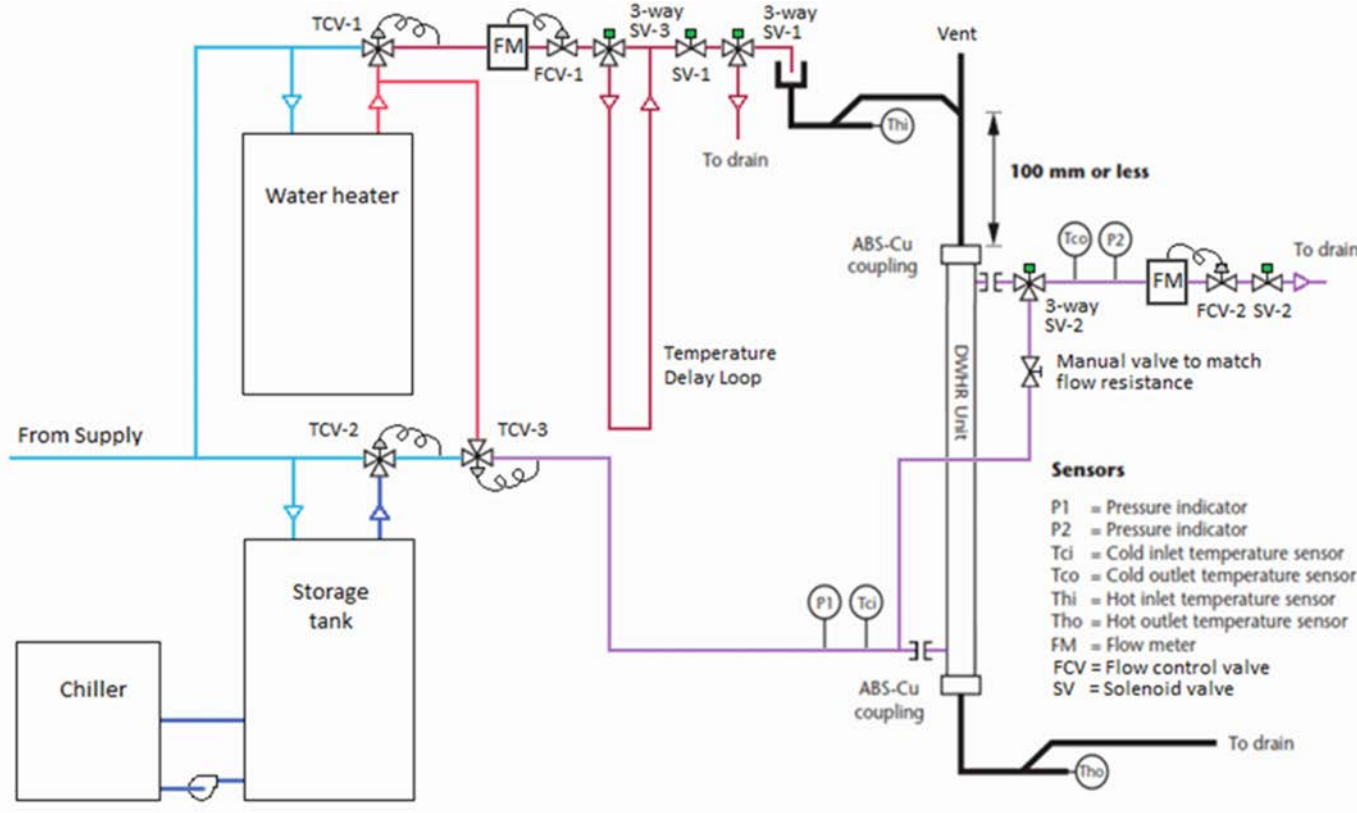
- Drain water heat recovery (DWHR) now in Title 24, Part 6
 - Based on Canadian Standards Association (CSA) B55.1
 - Only applies to vertical DWHR devices
- Later...
 - International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials (IAPMO) released IGC 346-2017
 - Applies to sloped DWHR devices
 - Test device at known angle, report angle on ratings sheet
- Now have ratings data for sloped DWHR devices
- What if installed at angle different from rating test?

Research Goals

- Test 2 sloped DWHR devices at 7 different angles
- Develop regressions $\Rightarrow \varepsilon = f(\theta)$
- Develop a generic regression



Methods - Testing



Unit	Length (in)	Width (in)
H-DWHR 1	56	4.57
H-DWHR 2	66	4.57

Methods - Testing

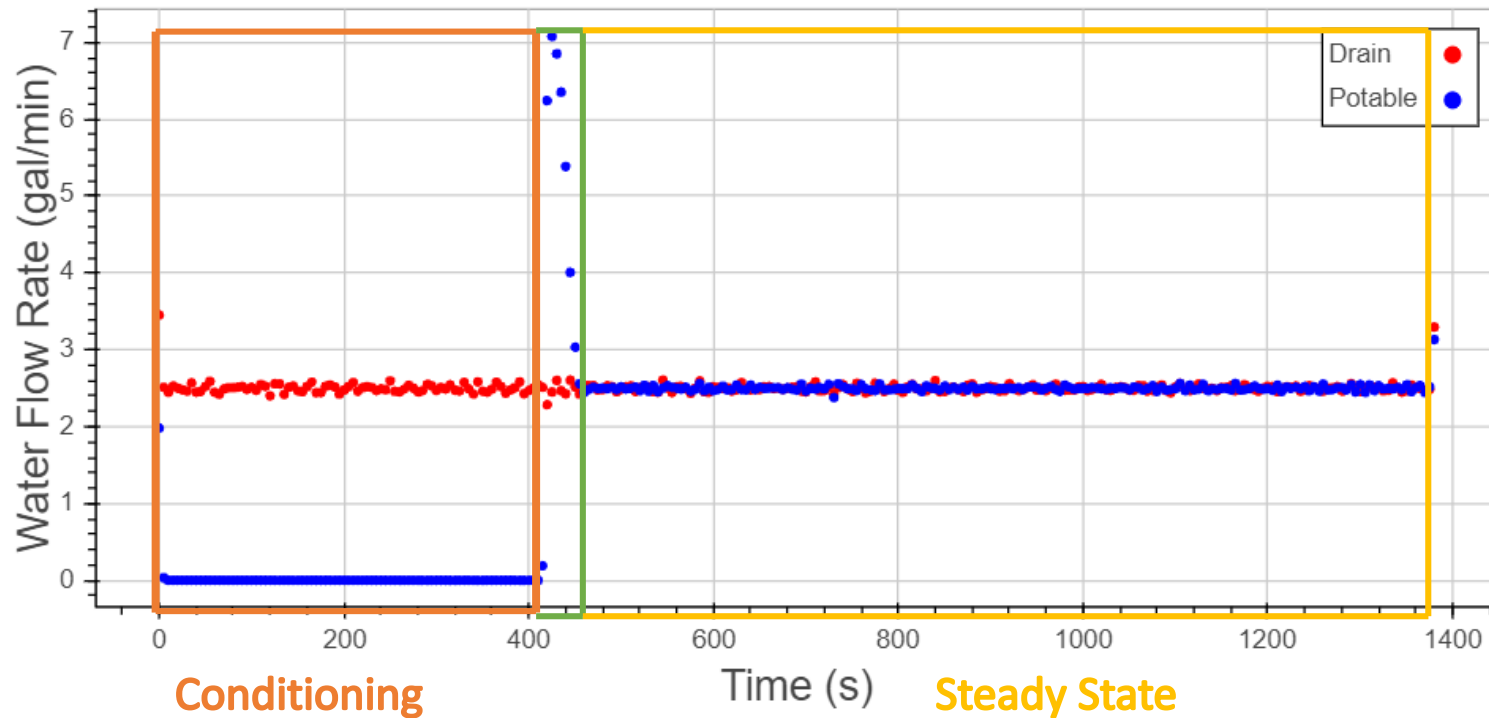


Methods - Testing

DWHR Unit	Slope (deg)	Drain-Side Inlet Temperature (°F)	Cold-Side Inlet Temperature (°F)	Flow Rate, Both Sides (gal/min)
55"	3	100.4	50	2.5
55"	6	100.4	50	2.5
55"	10	100.4	50	2.5
55"	14	100.4	50	2.5
55"	18	100.4	50	2.5
55"	22	100.4	50	2.5
55"	26	100.4	50	2.5
55"	30	100.4	50	2.5
66"	3	100.4	50	2.5
66"	6	100.4	50	2.5
66"	10	100.4	50	2.5
66"	14	100.4	50	2.5
66"	18	100.4	50	2.5
66"	22	100.4	50	2.5
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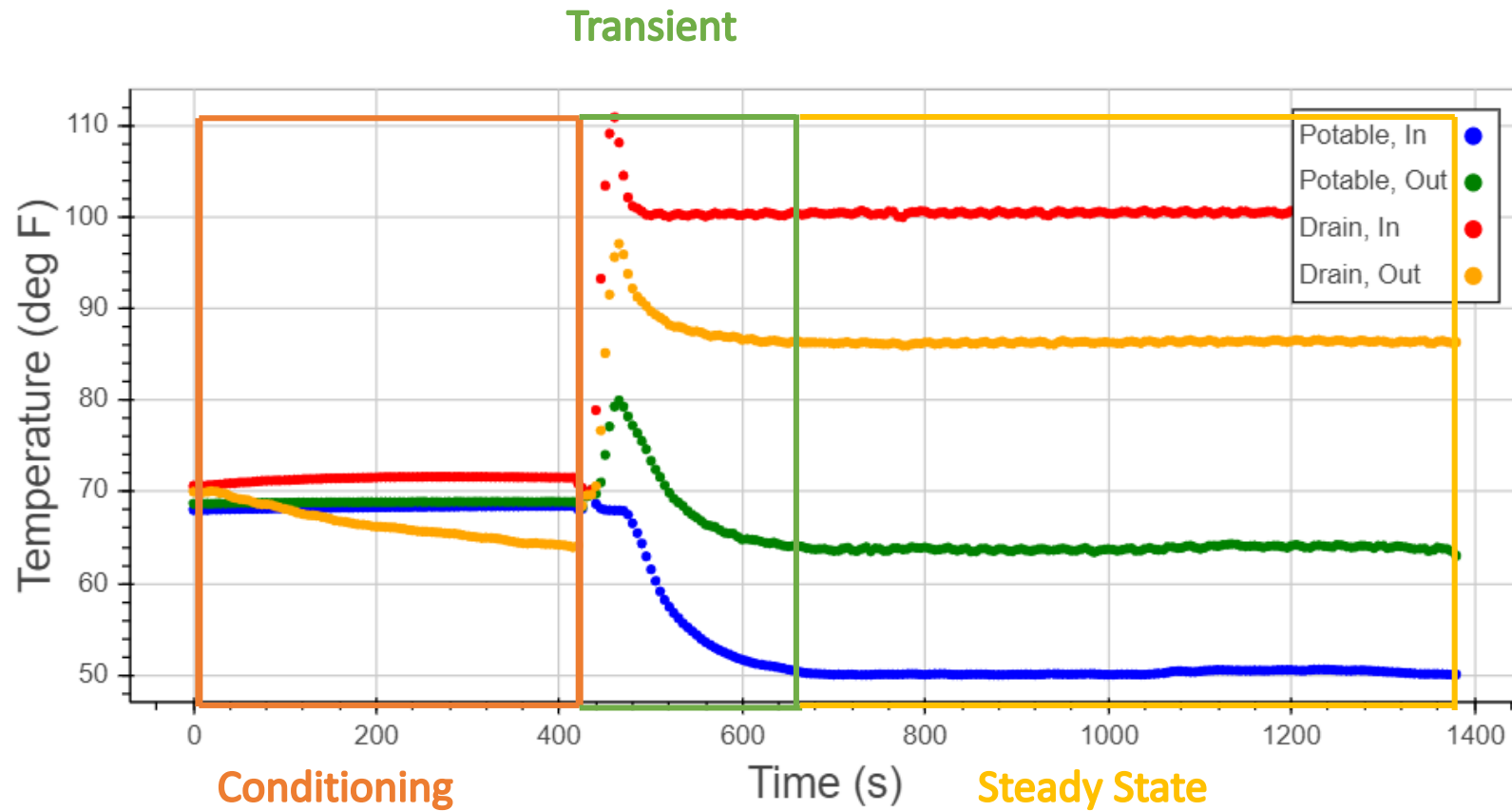
Methods - Analysis

Transient

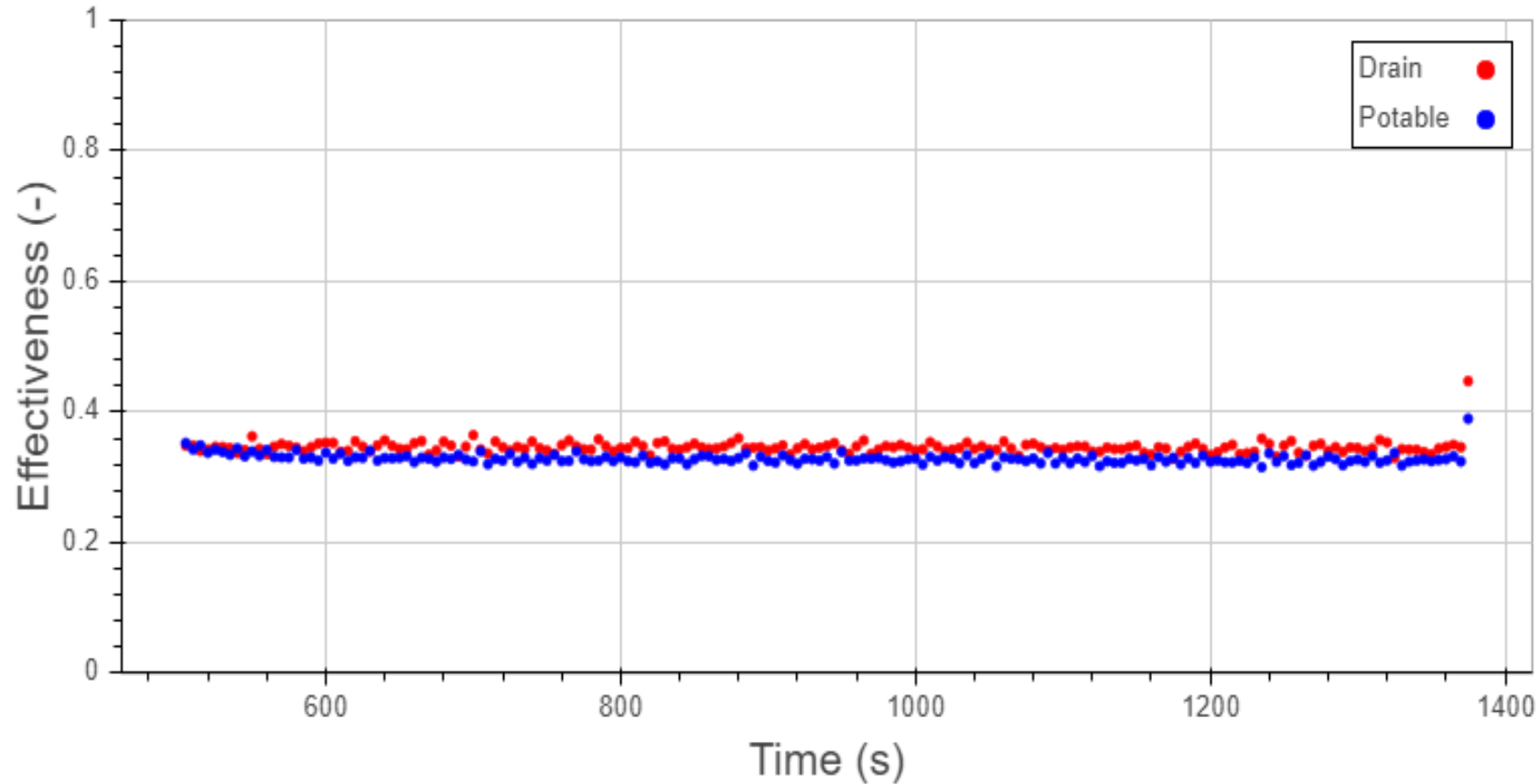


- System adjust until maintains flow & temp conditions
- Flow through DWHR unit
- Not yet at steady state
- Flow through DWHR device
- At steady state operation
- Use to identify effectiveness

Methods - Analysis



Methods - Analysis



Filtered to show only Steady State

Methods – Single Unit Effectiveness

- Developed regressions predicting effectiveness
 - 1 dimension (Slope)
 - 2nd order
 - One for each unit
 - Validated against measured data



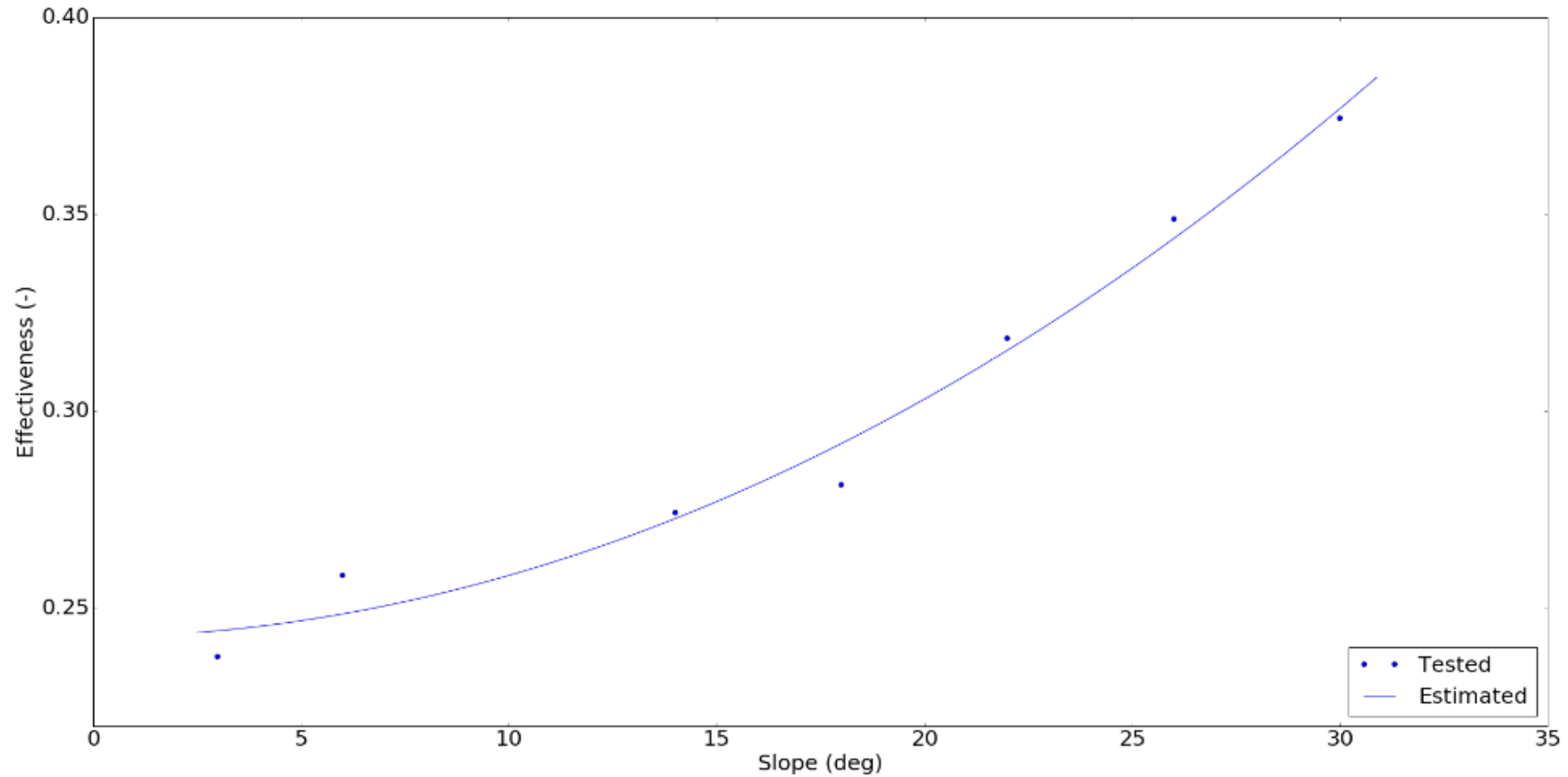
Methods – Generic Algorithm

- Developed generic algorithm from single unit models
 - Divided effectiveness by rating to create correction factors
 - This step must be replicated using angle on IAPMO ratings sheet
 - Averaged correction factors
 - Regress \Rightarrow Correction Factor = $f(\gamma)$
 - Now...

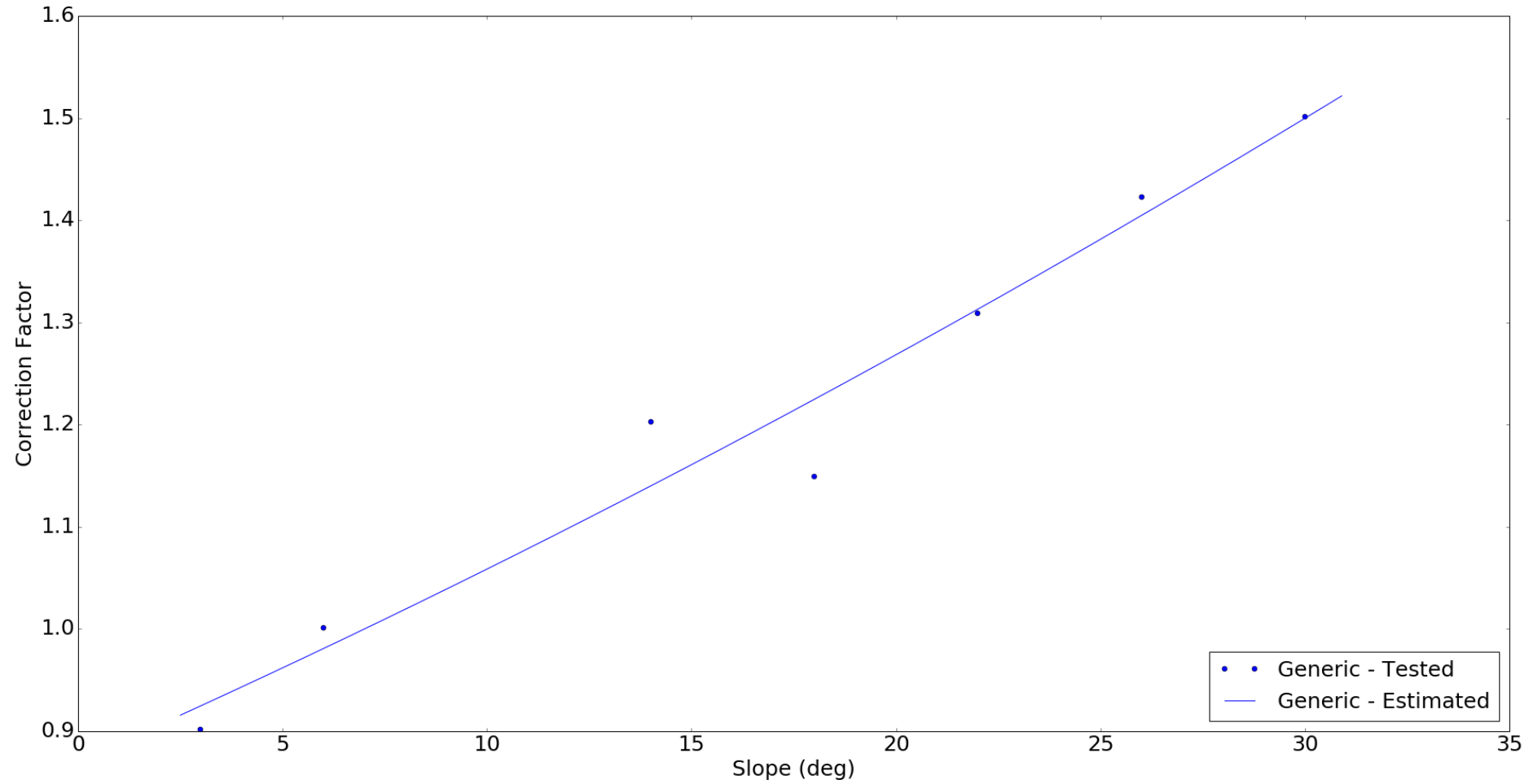
$$\varepsilon_{\theta} = Rating_{IAPMO} * Regression(\gamma)$$

- where:
 - Θ = Angle in your installation
 - $Rating_{IAPMO}$ = Rated effectiveness from IAPMO spec sheet
 - γ = Angle specified on IAPMO spec sheet

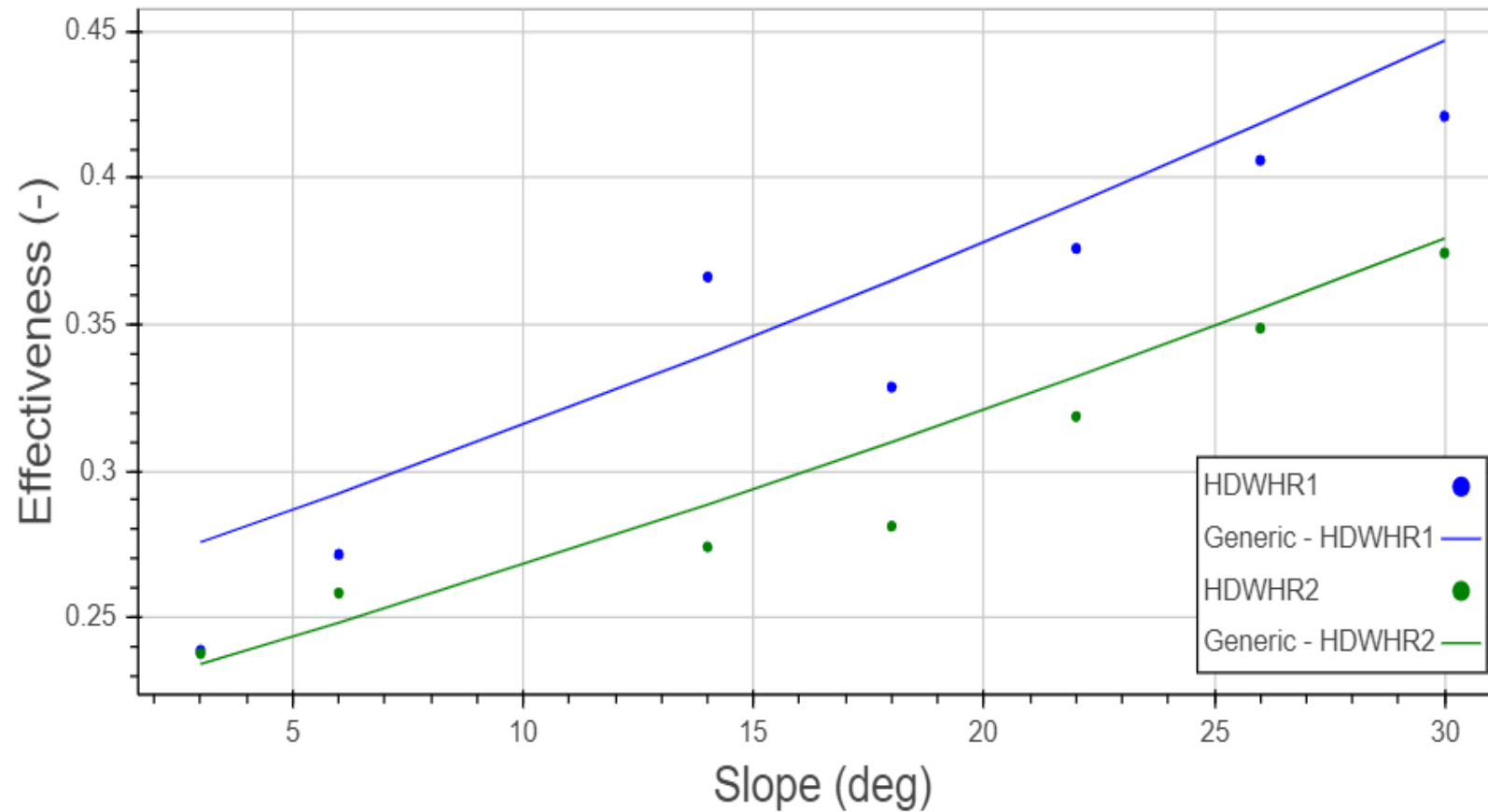
Results – Single Unit Effectiveness



Results – Generic Model Correction Factors



Results – Generic Algorithm



Conclusions

- Responding to IAPMO IGC 346-2017 test protocol for sloped DWHR devices
- Performed testing on 2 sloped DWHR units
 - Identified effectiveness as a function of installed slope
- Created generic regression
 - Predicts effectiveness when installed slope differs from slope used in ratings test
 - Less than 5% error in most cases
- Regression is available for use

