4C: Design and Development of Low-Cost GHPs for Residential "Combi" Systems

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ACEEE Hot Water Forum

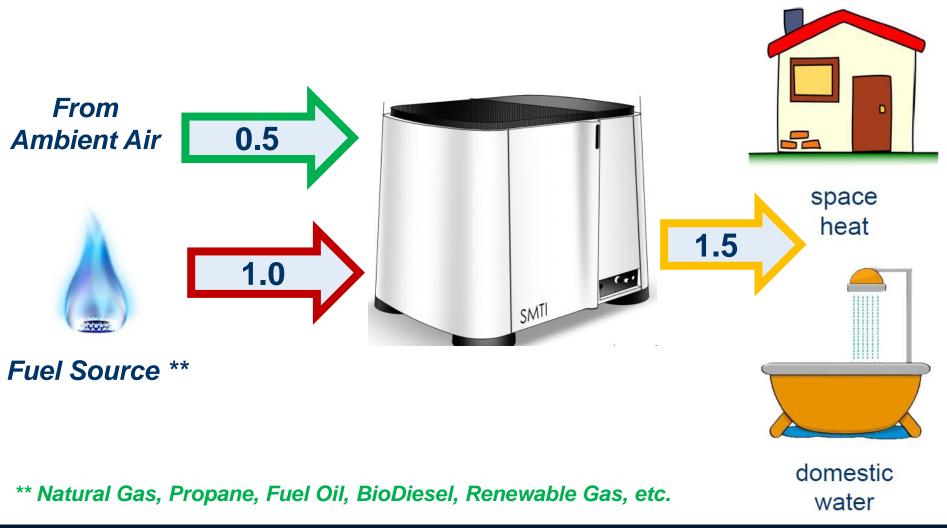
Nashville, TN March, 2019



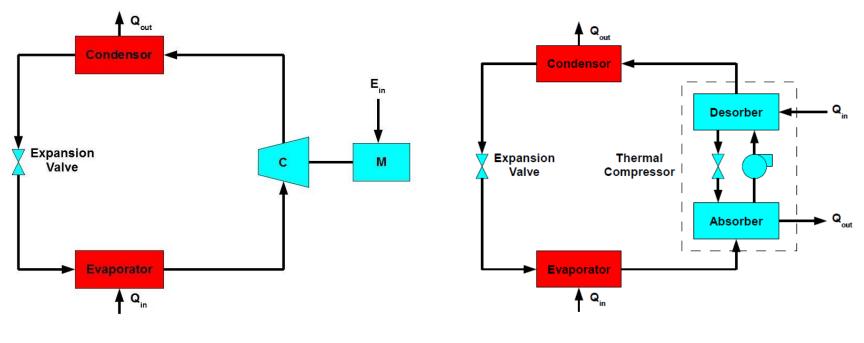
Outline

- Technology Review
- Low Cost GAHP system
- Combi installations to date

Gas-Fired Absorption Heat Pump



How Does It Work?



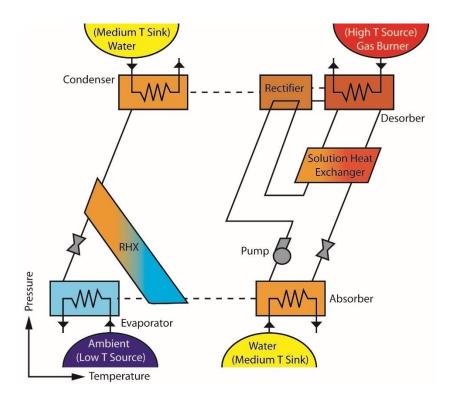
 $COP_h = Qcond/E_{in} = 3.0-4.0$ Qheat = ~1.1 x Qcooling COP_h = (Qcond + Qabs)/Q_{in} = 1.4-2.0 Qheat = (Qcond + Qabs) ~ 2.5 times Qevap

Capacity & COP Remain High at Low Ambient Temperatures

Single-effect GAHP used by SMTI

Absorption system consists of heat exchangers

- Absorber, Condenser, Desorber, Evaporator, Rectifier, Refrigerant Heat Exchanger, and Solution Heat Exchanger
- Solution pump
- Expansion devices Refrigerant and WS let downs



Low Cost Design Approach

- Simple Cycle Single-effect GAHP optimized for cost and reliability
- Commonality of raw material, processes Heat exchangers use same low cost materials, geometries and fabrication methods
- Scalability Heat exchanger designs scalable for demonstrated heating system range of 3 kW up to 43 kW
- Projected <u>40-50%</u> of current cost of similarly sized commercially available GAX GAHP
- Cost-effective method of achieving significant CO2 emission reductions for space/water heating in cold climates, while retaining customer use of low cost fuel

SMTI Gas Absorption Heat Pumps

COP_{HHV} = 1.45 at 47/120°F

- Gas-Fired, Air to Water Heat Pump
- Condensing
- 4:1 Modulation
- > 10,000 to 140,000 Bth Heating Output Models
- 20° F Hydronic Differential
- Outdoor Installation (no venting)
- SCAQMD NOx Compliant
- ➢ GWP = 0



Patents Pending

Family of GAHP Models

10 kBth

20 kBth

80 kBth

140 kBth









Anything In-Between





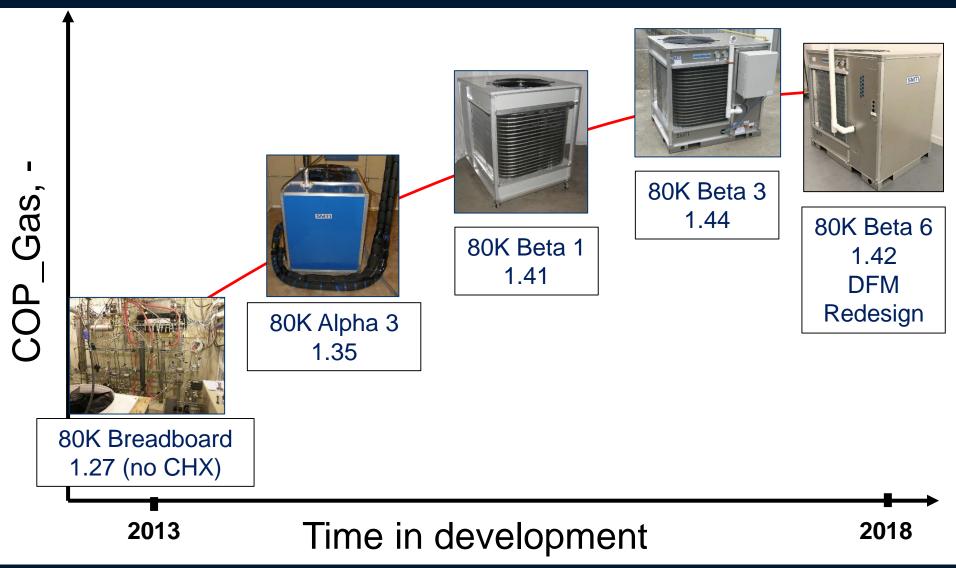






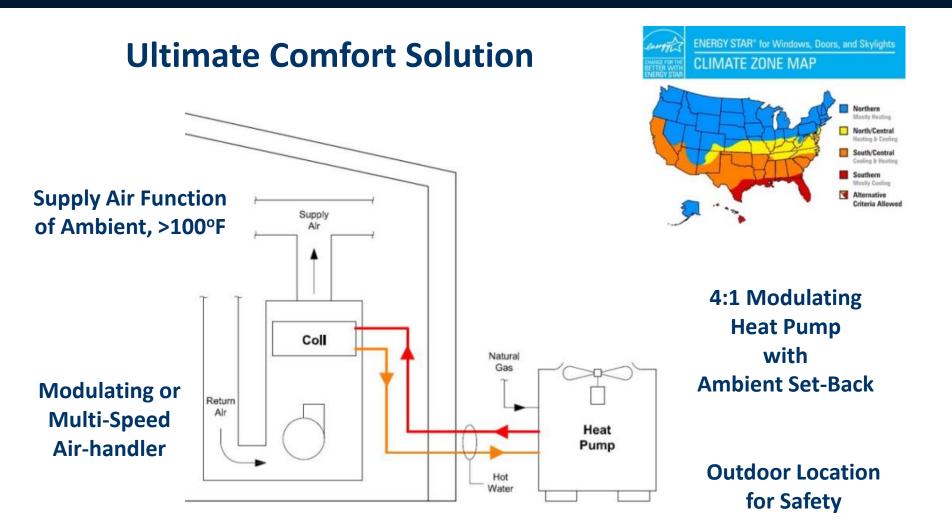


80K GAHP Development Timeline

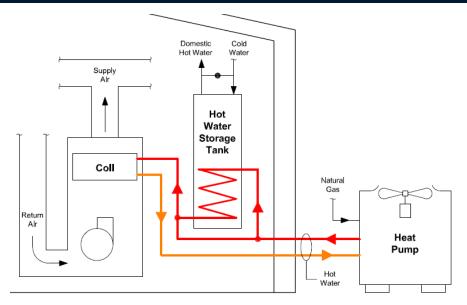


GAHP Combi-installations

Forced-Air Space Heating Heating Dominated Climate Zones: 4000+ HDD

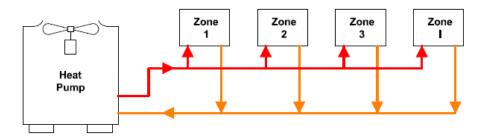


Residential Space Heating Heating Dominated Climate Zones: 4000+ HDD





Combi

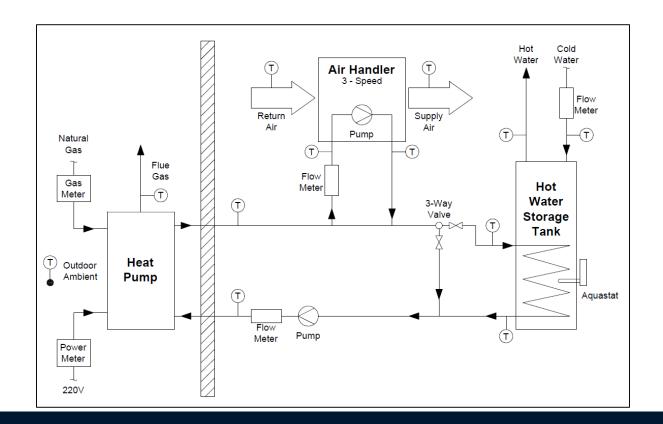


Hydronic Zoned (radiant, 'mini-split', etc) (can also be Combi)

- Single family home in Northeast TN
- GAHP unit provides space and domestic hot water heating
- > 2,200 sqft, built 1947
- ➢ 3.5 Occupants
- GAHP Replaced
 - > 80,000 Btu/hr 90% Furnace
 - ➢ 50 gal Electric Water Heater
- March, 2016 Installation
- ➢ M&V by GTI



All SMTI Controls
Programmable Thermostat with 3 Heating Mode Settings
Heating Mode Determines Fan Speed: High/Med/Low
AHU with on/off hydronic pump based on demand
Flow to DHW tank controlled by 3-way valve





Beta 80K

GAHP

November

2016 to

Present





Main Loop Circulating Pump





Hydronic Air Handler with Internal Pump



Indirect DHW Tank (Tank #2)

Summary of Test to Date: Time in operation: 3 years Hours in operation: 4000 hours

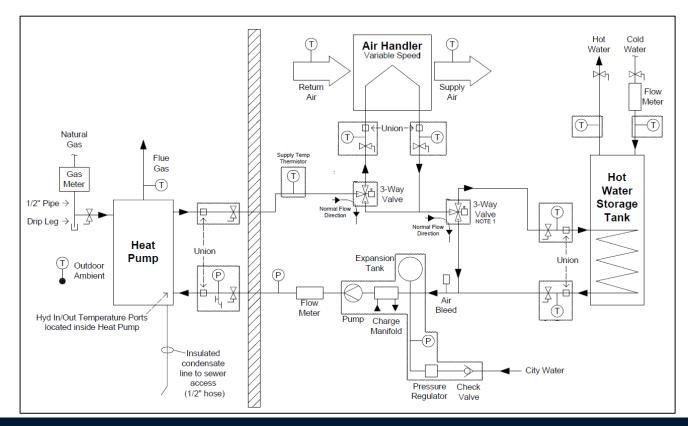
Lessons learned from installation and test:

- Importance of storage tank and indirect coil sizing
- Impact of long plumbing lengths of hydronic loop
 - Thermal mass impacts water heating efficiency in Summer
- Over/undershoot controls approach to space heating
 - Allow for longer runtimes necessary to maximize system performance
- Significant benefit to integrating space and water heating runs
 - Potential to eliminate water heat only runs in space heating months

- Single family home in Western WI
- GAHP unit provides space and domestic hot water heating
- 2,700 sqft conditioned space
- 4 Occupants
- GAHP Replaced
 - > 100,000 Btu/hr 90% Furnace
 - 60 gal Standard Gas Water Heater
- February, 2018 Installation
- ➢ M&V by GTI



- > SMTI PLC Controls interfaced with OEM partner Air-Handler and thermostat control
- Programmable Thermostat
- > Thermostat Determines Fan Speed: Continuously Variable
- Flow to AHU controlled by 3-way valve
- Flow to DHW tank controlled by 3-way valve





Beta 3 80K GAHP February 2018 to Present



Main Loop Circulating Pump and 3-way valves



Hydronic A-Coil and Furnace (Blower)



Indirect DHW Tank

Summary of test to date:

- Time in operation: 1 years
- Hours in operation: 2950+ hours

Lessons learned from installation to date:

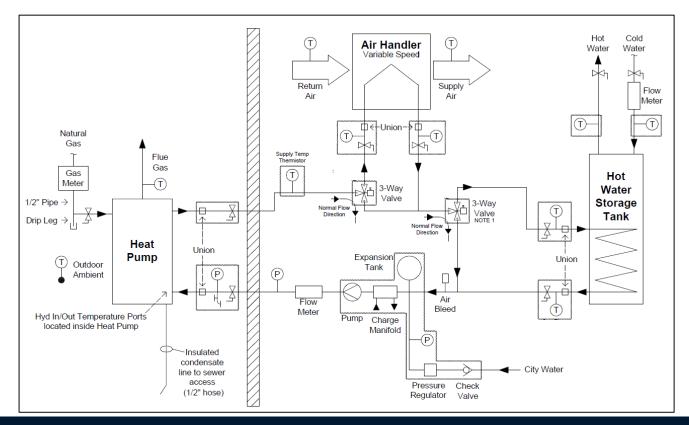
- Impact of limited space for hydronic plumbing
 - High pressure drop due to higher use of elbows
 - Pros-cons of ¾" PEX versus 1" PEX
- Importance of mode switching during a water heat recovery
 - Balancing water heat and setback recovery
- Significant benefit to integrating space and water heating runs
- System capable of operation throughout Polar Vortex (-25°F ambient)
 - Performance reduced to that of a condensing boiler
 - Held indoor temperature above 67°F during two -25°F nights

- Single family home in Western WI
- GAHP unit provides space and domestic hot water heating
- ➢ 2400 sqft
- 2.5 Occupants
- GAHP Replaced
 - 100,000 Btu/hr 90% Furnace
 - 40 gal Standard Gas Water Heater
- December, 2019 Installation
- M&V by GTI

Work sponsored by US Department of Energy



- OEM partner controls (GAHP and indoor equipment)
- Programmable Thermostat
- Thermostat Determines Fan Speed: Continuously Variable
- Flow to AHU controlled by 3-way valve
- Flow to DHW tank controlled by 3-way valve



Main Loop Circulating Pump SMTI

Beta 6 80K GAHP Dec. 2018 to Present

Hydronic Air Handler



Indirect DHW Tank & Standard Gas WH

Summary

SMTI GAHP Design

- > Target Low Cost Design for GAHP technology
- Mass Producible
- Scalable
- 3 Combi-field tests ongoing
 - 1 in Northeast TN
 - > 2 in Western Wisconsin
- Variations in controls and loop design
- Ongoing monitoring and evaluation in collaboration with GTI
- Additional installations and evaluations to come

Acknowledgments

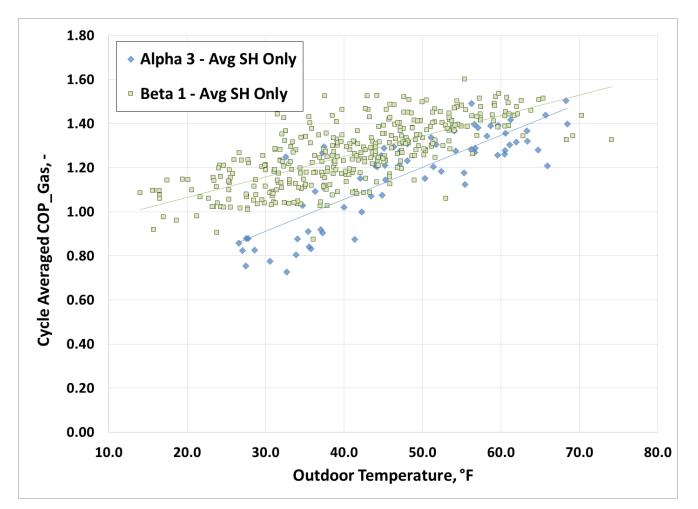
Gas Technology Institute
 US Department of Energy
 NEEA

Thank You!

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Residential Combi Field Test

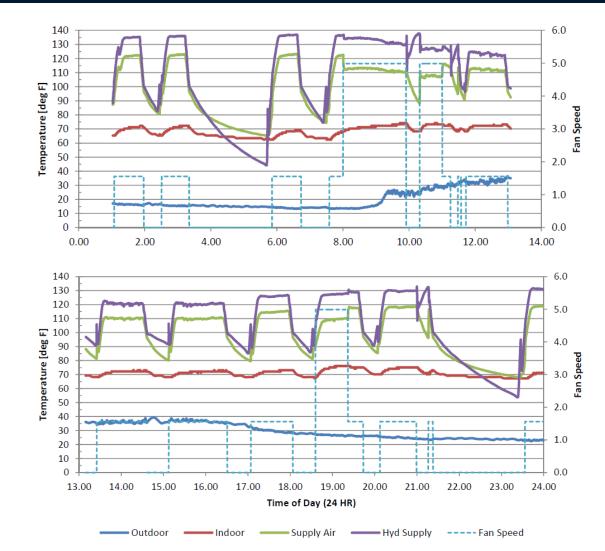


Data courtesy of GTI

Residential Combi: Data Snap Shot

24 hour operating period (December 10, 2016)

- GAHP able to heat home quickly after nighttime set-back switch
- Supply air temps above 105°F (above 110°F for all but 1 run)
- Potential to reduce ambient setback curve
- 10 total cycles



Residential Combi: Data Snap Shot

