# Achieving Mainstream Quality Installation, w. 3 Speakers

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### Practitioner FIELD Deficiencies [Shortcut Woes Continue]

- Installation deficiencies
  - Poor installations (charge, airflow, controls)
  - Poor ducts ( $\uparrow \Delta P$ , leakage, thermal, noise)
- Inadequate commissioning
- Maintenance deficiencies

## SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS OF **INSTALLATION FAULTS ON HEAT PUMP PERFORMANCE**

Sensitivity Analysis of Installation

http://dx.doi.org/10.6028/NIST\_TN 1848

Faults on Heat Pump Performance

18/10.6028/NIST.TN. 1848 NIST Technical Note 1848

(NIST TECHNICAL NOTE 1848; Sep 2014)

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Report can be downloaded from: www.acca.org/quality

### Landmark Simulation!

- Quantifies efficiency losses (>30%)
- Losses are additive for multiple faults (>>30%)
- Applies to Unitary Equipment
  - Residential and Commercial
  - Split Systems and Packaged

#### Most influential faults

- duct leakage
- refrigerant undercharge
- oversized equipment
- Iow indoor air flow
- refrigerant overcharge



### Why does it matter? I: SEER delivered to the customer

Base = 13 SEER, NO QI				
SEER	Installed			
Lab Value	Field, No QI	Field w. QI		
13	9.75	12.4		
16	12	15.2		
19	14.25	18.1		
Multipliers:	0.75	0.95		

### Why does it matter? II: Energy Use by the Customer

Base = 13 SEER				
SEER	incremental energy reduction	Energy Use, no QI	Energy Use, with QI	
13	0%	100	75	
16	14%	86	64	
19	10%	76	57	
Multiplier:	0.75 Energy use w. QI		ıse w. Ql	